

Payment Policies for Healthcare Services Provided to Injured Workers and Crime Victims

Chapter 10: Evaluation and Management (E/M) Services

Effective July 1, 2023



Link: Look for possible <u>updates and corrections</u> to these payment policies on L&I's website.



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The following terms are utilized in this chapter and are defined as follows:

Consultant: A consultant is a provider who has not agreed to accept transfer of care before an initial evaluation.

Consultation: A type of evaluation and management service provided at the request of an attending provider, the department, self-insurer, or authorized department representative to either recommend care for a specific condition or problem, or to determine whether to accept a patient for further treatment. See WAC 296-20-045.

L&I doesn't use the CPT® definitions for consultation services with respect to who can request a consultation service, when a consultation can be requested, and requirements for when to bill a consultation vs. established or new patient codes. In addition, while chiropractic consultations don't require prior authorization, they do require prior notification (by electronic communication, letter, or phone call) to the department or self-insurer per WAC 296-23-195.

Distant site: The location of the provider who performs telehealth services. This provider is not at the originating site with the worker.

Established patient: One who has received professional services from the provider, or another provider of the exact same specialty and subspecialty who belongs to the same group practice, within the past 3 years.

When advance registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants are working with physicians they are considered as working in the exact same specialty and exact same subspecialties as the physician.

L&I uses the CPT® definition for established patients. Refer to a CPT® book for complete code descriptions, definitions, and guidelines.

New patient: One who hasn't received any professional services from the provider, or another provider of the exact same specialty and subspecialty who belongs to the same group practice, within the past 3 years.

L&I uses the CPT® definitions for new patients. Refer to a CPT® book for complete code descriptions, definitions, and guidelines.

Online communications: Electronic communication conducted over a secure network, including but not limited to electronic mail (email), patient portals, or Claim and Account Center (CAC). Must be related to the worker and for the purposes of discussing or coordinating care, treatment, or return to work activities.

Originating site: The place where the worker is located when receiving telehealth. For the purposes of this policy, the worker may be at home when receiving telehealth.

Telehealth: Face-to-face services delivered by a qualified medical provider through a real-time, 2-way, audio video connection. These services aren't appropriate without a video connection.



The following CPT®, HCPCS, and/or local code modifiers apply to this chapter:

-24 (Unrelated evaluation and management (E/M) services by the same provider during a postoperative period)

Used to indicate an E/M service unrelated to the surgical procedure was performed during a postoperative period. Documentation to support the service must be submitted. Payment is made at 100% of the fee schedule level or billed charge, whichever is less.

-25 (Significant, separately identifiable evaluation and management (E/M) service by the same provider on the day of a procedure or other service)

Payment is made at 100% of the fee schedule level or billed charge, whichever is less.

-GT (Via interactive audio and video telecommunication systems)

Used to indicate a telehealth procedure was performed. Documentation to support the service must be submitted. Payment is made at 100% of the fee schedule level or billed charge, whichever is less.



Payment policy: All E/M services

Prior authorization

Prior authorization is required when billing for:

- More than 20 office visits, or
- Visits that occur more than 60 days after the first date you treat the worker.



Link: For more information, see WAC 296-20-030(1).

Requirements for billing

Chart notes must contain documentation that justifies the level, type and extent of service billed. (See Documentation guidelines, below.)

Determining type of visit: New, established or consultation evaluation and management service

If a patient presents with a work related condition and meets the definition in a provider's practice as:

- A new patient, then a new patient E/M service should be billed, or
- An **established patient**, then an **established patient** E/M service should be billed, even if the provider is treating a new work related condition for the first time, *or*
- A consultation that has been requested by the attending physician, the department, self-insurer or authorized department representative and all requirements for a consultation service has been met, then a consultation E/M service should be billed.

Per <u>WAC 296-20-051</u> providers may **not** bill **consultation** codes for **established patients**.



Links: For more information about coverage for **consultation** services, see <u>WAC 296-20-045</u>, <u>WAC 296-20-051</u> and <u>WAC 296-20-01002</u>.

Using CPT® billing code modifier -25

Modifier **–25** must be appended to an E/M code when reported with another procedure or service on the same day. This applies to all E/M services.

The E/M visit and the procedure must be documented separately.

To be paid, modifier **–25** must be reported in the following circumstances:

- Same patient, same day encounter, and
- Same or separate visit, and
- Same provider, and
- Patient condition required a significant separately identifiable E/M service above and beyond the usual pre and post care related to the procedure or service.

Scheduling back-to-back appointments doesn't meet the criteria for using modifier -25.

Consultations

In accordance with <u>WAC 296-20-051</u>, in cases presenting diagnostic or therapeutic problems to the attending provider, a **consultation** with a specialist may be requested without prior authorization. **Consultations** can only be requested by the attending provider, the department, self-insurer, or authorized department representative.

The **consultant** must submit their findings and recommendations to the attending provider and the department or self-insurer. The report must be received by the insurer within 15 days from the date of the **consultation**, per <u>WAC 296-20-051</u>. Note that this is different from the requirement noted in Chapter 2: Information for All Providers which states that documentation to support the service billed must be received prior to bill submission or within 30 days of the date of service, whichever comes first.

Consultation codes may only be reported by a physician or other qualified health care professional who has not agreed to accept transfer of care before an initial evaluation. **Consultation** services will not be reimbursed for workers who are currently, or have been, under the provider's care within the last 3 years or another physician/qualified health care professional of the exact same specialty and subspecialty who belongs to the same group practice, within the past 3 years. Such services should be billed as **established patient** E/M services, as listed in the fee schedules.



Note: Prior notification to the insurer is required for chiropractic consultations. Refer to <u>Chapter 7: Chiropractic Services</u> for more information regarding the requirements for chiropractic consultations.

Services that can be billed

Hospital admissions in the course of an encounter at another site

If a provider sees a patient at 1 location (initial site) and then sends them to the hospital to be admitted and performs the admission on the same date of service, only the initial hospital inpatient or observation care CPT® code can be billed (99221-99223). Any E/M performed at the initial site is considered bundled into the initial hospital inpatient visit and isn't payable separately. L&I follows CMS (Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services) in regards to hospital admissions in the course of encounter at another site for E/M services.



Note: Behavioral health interventions (BHI) performed by an attending provider as part of the evaluation and management service should be billed per CPT®. See Chapter 22: Other Services for more information regarding BHI payment policies.

Documentation guidelines

The American Medical Association (AMA) made substantial changes to the **New** and **established patient** E/M services effective January 1, 2021 and has expanded those guidelines to all other E/M services (including **consultations**) effective January 1, 2023. The insurer has chosen to adopt these updated changes with slight modification as of July 1, 2023. Modifications include policies on <u>separately billable services</u> and <u>admissions within the course of an encounter at another site</u>. Additionally, the insurer doesn't allow shared billing for visits in which multiple providers contribute to an E/M service.

SOAP-ER note requirements

As outlined in <u>Chapter 2: Information for All Providers</u>, the insurer requires the addition of ER (Employment and Restrictions) to the SOAP format. Chart notes must document the worker's status at the time of each visit.

Providers are required to submit notes that contain the information necessary for the insurer to make decisions regarding coverage and payment. Medical documentation for an injury in workers' compensation or crime victims must contain the pertinent history and the pertinent findings found during an exam.

Selecting the level of service

Select the appropriate level of E/M service based on either:

- Total Time on the day of the encounter, or
- Medical Decision Making (MDM).

As defined by AMA, provider time includes the following activities, when performed:

- Preparing to see the patient (such as review of tests),
- Obtaining and/or reviewing separately obtained history,
- Performing a medically appropriate exam and/or evaluation,
- Counseling and educating the patient/family/caregiver,
- Ordering medications, tests, or procedures,
- Referring and communicating with other health care professionals,
- Documenting clinical information in the electronic or other health record,
- Independently interpreting results (when not represented by its own CPT® code),
- Communicating results to the patient/family/caregiver,
- Care coordination.

Only time spent in covered activities by the provider on the calendar day of the visit (midnight to 11:59pm) can be counted toward the E/M visit time. Check-in and check-out time can't be used when determining the length of a visit as this may include ancillary staff time, wait time, etc.

Documentation must describe the covered activities performed. Generalized statements, such as "provided care coordination" aren't acceptable.

Examples of services that cannot be included in the time used to determine the level of E/M service, include but are not limited to:

- The performance of other services that are reported separately. See <u>Separately</u> <u>Billable Services</u>,
- Travel,
- Teaching that is general and not limited to discussion that is required for the management of a specific patient,
- Discussion of L&I claims process with the patient/family/caregiver.



Note: All questions, discussions, and/or concerns regarding the administrative process of L&I claims should be directed to the insurer.

Consultation reports

In addition to the above, **consultation** reports must include the elements listed in <u>WAC 296-20-01002</u>. These requirements are separate from those outlined in <u>Chapter 2: Information for All Providers</u>. Documentation of the referral must be present in either the attending physician notes or the **consultant's** report. The report must be received by the insurer within 15 days from the date of the **consultation**, per <u>WAC 296-20-051</u>.

Links: For additional documentation guidelines and requirements see <u>2023 American Medical</u> Association (AMA) E/M Code and Guideline Changes.

For more information about coverage for **consultation** services, see <u>WAC 296-20-045</u>, WAC 296-20-051 and WAC 296-20-01002.

For more information about chiropractic consultation services, see WAC 296-23-195.

Separately billable services

Any procedure represented by its own CPT®, HCPCS, or local codes must be billed separately, and the time spent on these services cannot be included in the time used to determine the level of E/M service.

This includes but is not limited to services, such as:

- Care coordination (such as telephone calls or online communications), or
- Completing forms (such as a Report of Accident (ROA) or Activity Prescription Form (APF)), or
- Independently interpreting results (when represented by its own CPT® code), or
- Procedures (such as injections or OMT), or
- Any treatment-based service.

When these services are performed in conjunction with an E/M service, you must append modifier **–25**. See Using CPT® billing code modifier **–25**.



Note: Evaluation and reporting is bundled into the payment of many services.

Examples of billing with modifier -25

Example 1: Minor procedure and time-based E/M service

A worker goes to the provider's office for a follow-up of their work related elbow and shoulder injury. The provider evaluates and documents findings of the shoulder injury and suggests a steroid injection based on their findings. The provider also evaluates and documents findings related to the elbow injury and determines that physical therapy may provide benefit and provides a referral.

The provider performs the pre-service work (such as cursory history, palpatory examination, discusses side effects). The provider then performs the steroid injection, discusses self-care and follow up with the claimant, and completes the other necessary post-service work.

The provider documents the steroid injection (including pre-, intra- and post service work), totaling 25 minutes and an additional separately identifiable E/M service including record review, history, exam, counseling provided and charting time, totaling 30 minutes.

How to bill for this scenario

For this office visit, the provider would bill the appropriate:

- CPT® code for the steroid injection, and
- CPT® code 99214, with modifier -25.

The provider can't include the time or activities spent performing the steroid injection (including the associated pre, intra and post service work) in selecting the appropriate E/M level. The provider must clearly document each service, including time spent on each service.

Example 2: Case management service and time-based E/M service

A worker goes to the provider's office for a follow-up of their work related head injury. After reviewing the notes from the worker's neurologist the provider finds that they have questions regarding the current treatment plan. The provider documents a 10 minute telephone conversation with the neurologist on the day of the visit including all required documentation elements of that CPT® code. The provider evaluates and documents findings of the head injury as well as the treatment plan.

The provider documents 10 minutes for the telephone call as noted above. The provider also documents the separately identifiable E/M service including record review, history and exam, and charting, totaling 40 minutes.

How to bill for this scenario

For this office visit, the provider would bill the appropriate:

- CPT® code for the telephone call, and
- CPT® code 99215, with modifier -25.

The provider can't include the time or activities spent performing or documenting the telephone call in selecting the appropriate E/M level as this service is required to be billed separately. The provider must clearly document each service, including time spent on each service.

Example 3: OMT and E/M service

A worker goes to an osteopathic provider's office to be treated for back pain. The provider performs an E/M visit, including a multi-system examination, reviewing the patient's prior records and counseling the patient on the importance of appropriate lifting techniques for when they return to work. Based on their findings the provider then advises the worker that osteopathic manipulative treatment (OMT) is a therapeutic option for treatment of the condition.

The provider obtains verbal consent, determines the appropriate technique for the worker and performs other pre-service work (such as cursory history, palpatory examination, discusses side effects). The provider then performs the manipulation, discusses self-care and follow up with the worker, and completes the other necessary post-service work.

The provider documents the OMT, including the pre, intra and post service work, in their chart note along with the separately identifiable E/M service (such as multi- system examination above and beyond the palpatory exam completed for the OMT service, reviewing records and counseling the patient on return to work).

How to bill for this scenario

For this office visit, the provider would bill the appropriate:

- CPT® code for the OMT service, and
- New or established patient E/M code, with modifier –25.

The provider can't include the activities or time spent performing OMT services (including the associated pre, intra and post service work) in selecting the appropriate E/M level. The provider must clearly document each service.

Link: More information on billing for OMT is available in <u>Chapter 25: Physical Medicine Services.</u>

Example 4 (Multiple E/M visits performed on the same day)

A worker arrives at a provider's office in the morning for a scheduled follow up visit for a work related injury.

That afternoon, the worker's condition worsens and the worker seeks immediate medical attention and returns to the office without an appointment. The office staff or triage nurse agrees that the worker needs to be seen. The provider sees the worker for a second office visit.

How to bill for this scenario

Since the 2 visits were completely separate, both E/M services may be billed:

- The scheduled visit would be billed with the appropriate level of established patient E/M code for this visit alone, with no modifier appended, and
- The unscheduled visit would be billed with the appropriate level of established patient E/M code for this visit alone, with modifier -25.

The activities or time spent performing each separate E/M service can't overlap between the 2 visits, including charting or any other time spent in covered activities conducted on the same calendar day of the encounters (such as review of records, referrals). You can only count these activities under the applicable visit.

Payment policy: Care plan oversight

Who must perform these services to qualify for payment

The attending provider (not staff) must perform these services.

Services that can be billed

The insurer allows separate payment for care plan oversight services (CPT® codes 99375, 99378, and 99380).

Requirements for billing

Payment for care plan oversight to a provider providing post-surgical care during the postoperative period will be made only:

- If the care plan oversight is documented as unrelated to the surgery, and
- Modifier –24 is used.

The medical record must document the medical necessity as well as the level of service performed.

Payment limits

Payment is limited to once per attending provider, per patient, in a 30-day period.

Care plan services (CPT® codes 99374, 99377, and 99379) of less than 30 minutes within a 30 day period are considered part of E/M services and aren't separately payable.

Payment policy: Case management services – Online communications

Requirements for online communications

Online communications must be conducted over a secure network, developed and implemented using guidelines from reputable industry sources such as those published by:

- The American Medical Association, or
- The Federation of State Medical Boards, or
- The eRisk Working Group for Healthcare.

Who must perform these services to qualify for payment

Online communications are payable only to providers who have an existing relationship with the worker and personally provide and bill for the service.

Services that can be billed

Payable online communications are billed using local code 9918M and include:

- Follow up resulting from a face to face visit that doesn't require a return to the office,
- Non-urgent services for an accepted condition when the equivalent service provided in person would have resulted in a charge,
- Reporting and interpreting diagnostic tests that require counseling and adjustments to treatment or medications.
- Discussing care or treatment, for example, in-depth conversations on medical rationale and employability, or detailed notification of non-compliance to the claims manager, and
- Discussions of return to work activities with workers, employers, or the claim manager.

Payable **online communications** must be related to the worker and for the purposes of discussing or coordinating care, treatment, or return to work activities. The **online communications** must be with:

- The worker.
- L&I staff,
- · Attending Provider,
- Vocational rehabilitation counselors,
- PT, OT, speech language pathologist,
- Nurse case managers,

- L&I medical consultants,
- Other physicians,
- · Other providers,
- TPAs, or
- Employers.

Services that aren't covered

CPT® codes 99421-99423 are not covered. The provider must bill local code 9918M.

Services that aren't payable include:

- Administrative communications,
- Authorization,
- Resolution of billing issues,
- Routine communications related to appointments (including, but not limited to requests and reminders),
- Ordering prescriptions, including requests for refills,
- Test results that are informational only, or
- Communications with office staff.

Requirements for billing

Online communication documentation must include:

- The date, and
- The participants and their titles, and
- The details of the online communication (see Services that can be billed, above), and
- All medical, vocational or return to work decisions made.

A copy of the online communication must be sent to L&I.

Providers are not required to submit a separate document for **online communications** with an L&I claim manager made through the Claims and Account Center (CAC). CAC meets the documentation requirements for secure messaging.

Payment limits

9918M is limited to once per day, per claim, per provider. If a communication pertains 2 or more open claims, providers are expected to split the billing between the claims. See Split Billing Policy for billing instructions.

Payment policy: Case management services – Team conferences

Who must perform team conferences to qualify for payment

Payable **team conferences** must be related to the worker and for the purposes of discussing or coordinating care, treatment, or return to work activities. The **team conference** must include 2 or more of the following:

- · Current or former medical providers,
- Concurrent care providers, or
- Consulting providers, or
- Vocational rehabilitation counselors, or
- Nurse case managers, or
- PTs, OTs, and speech language pathologists, or
- Psychologists, or
- L&I staff, or
- L&I medical consultants, or
- Employers, or
- SIEs/TPAs.

The insurer doesn't follow CPT® by requiring all providers to have seen or treated the patient in the previous 60 days. However, all participating providers, with the exception of **consultants**, must have an established relationship with the worker.

Requirements for billing

Team conferences must be in-person or performed via telehealth. Team conferences performed via telehealth must follow the telehealth guidelines. See Payment Policy: Telehealth.

The following criteria must be met for team conferences:

- The need for a conference exceeds the day-to-day correspondence/communication among providers, and
- The worker isn't participating in a program in which payment for conference is already included in the program payment (such as brain injury rehab program, or pain clinic), and
- 2 or more disciplines/specialties need to participate.

The insurer won't reimburse PT/OT and/or speech language pathologists for team conferences with members of the same clinic or care organization's physical medicine team.

ARNPs, PAs, psychologists, speech-language pathologists, PTs, and OTs must bill using non-physician codes.

If the patient status is	And you are physician , then bill CPT® code:	And you are a non-physician , then bill CPT® code:
Patient present	Appropriate level E&M	99366
Patient not present	99367	99368

For conferences **exceeding 30 minutes**, multiple units of **99366**, **99367**, and **99368** may be billed. For example, if the duration of the conference is:

- 1-30 minutes, then bill 1 unit, or
- 31-60 minutes, then bill 2 units.

Documentation requirements

Each provider must submit their own team conference documentation; joint documentation isn't allowed for any provider. Each team conference participant's documentation must include:

- The date, and
- The participants and their titles, and
- The length of the visit, and
- The nature of the visit, and
- All medical, vocational or return to work decisions made.

In addition to the documentation requirements noted above, team conference documentation must also include a goal oriented, time limited treatment plan covering:

- Medical.
- Surgical,
- Vocational or return to work activities, or
- Objective measures of function.

The treatment plan must allow a determination whether a previously created plan is effective in returning the worker to an appropriate level of function. For PTs and OTs, the team conference documentation must include an evaluation of the effectiveness of the previous therapy plan.

Additionally, if the patient is present, and you are a physician, you must comply with Evaluation and Management (E/M) coding guidelines, including the requirements to bill based off time or medical decision-making.

Providers in a hospital setting may only be paid if the services are billed on a **CMS-1500** with their L&I provider account number.

Payment policy: Case management services – Telephone calls

Who must perform these services to qualify for payment

Telephone calls are payable to the attending provider, **consultant**, psychologist, or other provider only when they personally participate in the call.

Services that can be billed

Payable telephone calls include:

- Follow up resulting from a face to face visit that doesn't require a return to the office,
- Non-urgent services for an accepted condition when the equivalent service provided in person would have resulted in a charge,
- Reporting and interpreting diagnostic tests that require counseling and adjustments to treatment or medications.
- Discussing care or treatment, for example, in-depth conversations on medical rationale and employability, or detailed notification of non-compliance to the claims manager, *and*
- Discussions of return to work activities with workers, employers, or the claims manager.

These services are payable when discussing or coordinating care or treatment with the following covered participants:

- The worker,
- L&I staff,
- Attending Provider
- Vocational rehabilitation counselors,
- Nurse case managers,
- Health services coordinators (COHE),
- L&I medical consultants.
- Other physicians,
- Other providers,
- SIEs/TPAs, or
- Employers.

Telephone calls are payable regardless of when the previous or next office visit occurs. The insurer will pay for telephone calls if the provider leaves a detailed message for the recipient and meets all of the documentation requirements.

Services that aren't covered

Telephone calls aren't payable if they are for:

- · Administrative communications,
- Authorization.
- · Resolution of billing issues,
- Routine requests for appointments or reminders,
- Ordering prescriptions, including requests for refills,
- Test results that are informational only,
- Communications with the worker's attorney, or
- Communications with office staff.

The provider can't include the time spent performing or documenting the telephone call in selecting the appropriate E/M level as this service is required to be billed separately.

Requirements for billing

ARNPs, PAs, psychologists, speech-language pathologists, PTs, and OTs must bill using non-physician codes.

If the duration of the telephone call is	And you are a physician , then bill CPT® code:	And you are a non-physician , then bill CPT® code:
1-10 minutes	99441	98966
11-20 minutes	99442	98967
21+ minutes	99443	98968



Note: Only 1 unit of **99443** or **98968** is payable for calls over 20 minutes. Billing a combination of these codes is not allowed.

Documentation requirements

Each provider must submit comprehensive documentation for the telephone call that must include:

- The date, and
- The participants and their titles, and
- The length of the call, and
- The details of the call (see Services that can be billed, above), and
- All medical, vocational or return to work decisions made.

Mental health services must be authorized for psychiatrists and clinical psychologists to bill these services, per <u>WAC 296-21-270</u>. In addition, please see <u>Chapter 17: Mental Health</u> <u>Services</u> for additional information on mental health services provided via audio only.



Payment policy: End stage renal disease (ESRD)

General information

L&I follows CMS's policy regarding the use of E/M services along with dialysis services.

Services that can be billed

Separate billing and payment will be allowed when billed on the same date as an inpatient dialysis service for:

- An initial hospital inpatient or observation visit (CPT® codes 99221-99223),
- An inpatient or observation consultation (CPT® codes 99252-99255), or
- A hospital inpatient or observation discharge service (CPT® code 99238 or 99239).

Payment limits

E/M services (CPT® codes 99231-99233 and 99307-99310) aren't payable on the same date as hospital inpatient dialysis (CPT® codes 90935, 90937, 90945, and 90947). These E/M services are bundled in the dialysis service.

Payment policy: Medical care in the home or nursing facility

General information

L&I allows attending providers to charge for E/M services in:

- Nursing facilities, and
- Home or residence.

Who must perform these services to qualify for payment

The attending provider (not staff) must perform these services.

Requirements for billing

The medical record must document the medical necessity, the level, type and extent of services billed and the location of the service.

Payment policy: Prolonged E/M

Requirements for billing

Refer to the table below for prolonged services billing requirements. Refer to CPT® for further details, including documentation requirements.

If you are billing for this CPT® code	Then you must also bill this (or these) other CPT® code(s) on the same date of service:
99417	99205, 99215, 99245, 99345, 99350 or 99483
99418	99223, 99233, 99236, 99255, 99306 or 99310

Prolonged Services Example

Prolonged service for an established patient visit

For an 84-minute established patient E/M service bill 99215 and 99417 x 2.

To calculate this, the first 40 minutes are applied to the **99215**, which leaves a remaining 44 minutes of prolonged service. This equates to 2 units of **99417**. Do not report **99417** for any additional time increment of less than 15 minutes.

Separately billable services and the time spent on those services can't be included in the calculation for the E/M service, including prolonged services. See also <u>separately billable</u> services section.

Payment limits

Payment of prolonged E/M is allowed with a maximum of 3 hours per day per patient.

Prolonged E/M service codes are payable only when another time-based E/M is billed on the same day.

The following prolonged services are not payable:

- Prolonged services on date other than the face-to-face evaluation and management service without direct patient contact, (CPT® 99358, 99359), or
- Prolonged clinical staff services (CPT® 99415, 99416).

Links: For more information on prolonged E/M services, see the <u>2023 American Medical</u> Association (AMA) E/M Code and Guideline Changes.

Payment policy: Split billing – Treating 2 separate conditions

Requirements for billing

If the worker is treated for 2 separate conditions at the same visit, the charge for the service must be divided equally between the payers and/or claims.

If evaluation and/or treatment of the 2 injuries increases the complexity of the visit:

- A higher level E/M code might be billed, and
- If this is the case, the applicable guidelines must be followed and the documentation must support the level of service billed.

For State Fund claims, when submitting:

- Paper bills to L&I, list all claim numbers treated in Box 11 of the CMS-1500 form (F245-127-000) or
- Electronic claims, list all claim numbers treated in the remarks section of the CMS-1500 form.

Note: L&I will divide charges equally to the claims.

If part of the visit is for a condition unrelated to an accepted L&I or self-insured claim and part is for the accepted condition:

Providers must apportion their usual and customary charges equally between L&I or the
 SIE and the other payer based on the level of service provided during the visit.



Note: For physical medicine split billing exceptions, see <u>Chapter 25: Physical Medicine Services, Unrelated conditions.</u>

Payment limits

A provider would only be paid for more than 1 evaluation and management visit if there were 2 separate and distinct visits on the same day (see Example 4 under the Separately Billable Services section above).

Scheduling back-to-back appointments doesn't meet the criteria for using modifier **–25**. See the <u>Using billing code modifier –25</u> payment policy section of this chapter for more information.

Examples of split billing

Example 1: Two work-related injuries

A worker goes to a provider to be treated for a work-related shoulder injury and a separate work related knee injury. The provider treats both work related injuries.

How to bill for this scenario

For State Fund claims, the provider bills for 1 visit listing both workers' compensation claims in Box 11 of the **CMS-1500** form (F245-127-000).

L&I will divide charges equally to the claims. For self-insured claims, contact the SIE or their TPA for billing instructions.

Example 2: Work injury and automobile injury

A worker goes to a provider's office to be treated for the work related injury. During the examination, the worker mentions that he was in a car accident yesterday and now has neck pain. The provider treats the work related injury and the neck pain associated with the motor vehicle accident.

How to bill for this scenario

The provider would bill:

- 50% of their usual and customary fee to L&I or the SIE, and
- 50% to the insurance company paying for the motor vehicle accident.

L&I or self-insurer would only be responsible for the portion related to the accepted work related injury.

Payment policy: Standby services

Requirements for billing

A report is required when billing for standby services.

The insurer pays for standby services when all the following criteria are met:

- Another provider requested the standby service, and
- The standby service involves prolonged provider attendance without direct face-to-face patient contact, *and*
- The standby provider isn't concurrently providing care or service to other patients during this period, and
- The standby service doesn't result in the standby provider's performance of a procedure subject to a "surgical package," and
- Standby services of 30 minutes or more are provided.

Payment limits

Subsequent periods of standby beyond the first 30 minutes may be reported and are payable only when a full 30 minutes of standby was provided for each unit of service reported.

Round all fractions of a 30-minute period downward.

Payment policy: Telehealth for evaluation and management services

General information

The insurer reimburses **telehealth** at parity with in-person appointments.

Objective medical findings are required for time loss and other claim adjudication requirements. In-person visits are preferred for gathering objective medical findings, however, **telehealth** may be an appropriate alternative in certain situations where objective medical findings can be gathered via 2-way audio and visual connection.

The provider is expected to make arrangements for in-person evaluation and intervention for certain circumstances. See <u>Services that must be performed in person</u> for additional information.

Telehealth services must occur either from a medical or vocational **origination site** or the worker's home. The selection of a provider is the worker's choice by law. Services may not be delivered from either the employer's worksite or any location owned or controlled by the employer that isn't operated by a Medical Provider Network practitioner.

A medical or vocational **origination site** may be:

- A clinic. or
- A hospital, or
- A nursing home, or
- An adult family home.

The provider performing **telehealth** services must be licensed in the state where the worker is receiving **telehealth** services. Only vocational rehabilitation counselors are exempt from this requirement.

Services that must be performed in person

In-person evaluation is required for non-mental health services when:

- It is the first visit of the claim, or
- Restrictions or changes are anticipated (the APF requires an update), or
- A worker requests a transfer of attending provider, or
- The worker has an emergent issue such as re-injury, new injury, or worsening status, or
- Consultations are requested to determine if surgical or continued conservative care is appropriate (including but not limited to 60 and 120 day consults).

An in-person evaluation is required in all cases when:

- A worker files a reopening application, or
- The provider has determined the worker is not a candidate for **telehealth** either generally or for a specific service, *or*
- Consultations in accordance with the restrictions noted in the Teleconsultations section below, *or*
- The worker does not want to participate via telehealth.

System requirements

Telehealth services and teleconsultations require an interactive telecommunication system, consisting of special 2-way audio and video equipment that permits real time consultation between the patient and provider. Providers are responsible for ensuring complete confidentiality and privacy of the worker is protected at all times. No payment shall be made to the worker or provider for obtaining or maintaining equipment for a **telehealth** appointment.

Prior authorization

The prior authorization requirements listed in this chapter apply regardless of how the service is rendered to the worker, either in person or via **telehealth**.

Teleconsultations

All consultations must be requested by the attending provider, department, self-insurer or authorized department representative.

The insurer covers teleconsultations when the following conditions have been met:

- The telehealth provider must be a(n): doctor as described in <u>WAC 296-20-01002</u>;
 ARNP; PhD clinical psychologist; or Consulting DC who is an approved consultant with L&I. This provider must note which provider referred the worker, and
- The referring provider must be 1 of the following: MD; DO; ND; DPM; OD; DMD; DDS; DC; ARNP; PA; or PhD clinical psychologist, *and*
- The patient must be present at the time of the consultation, and
- Interactive audio and video telecommunications must be used allowing real time communication between the patient and the **telehealth** provider, *and*
- The exam of the patient must be under the control of the telehealth provider, and
- The **telehealth** provider must submit a written report documenting this service to the referring provider, and must send a copy to the insurer.



Links: Learn more about coverage of these services in <u>WAC 296-20-045</u>, <u>WAC 296-20-051</u>, and <u>WAC 296-20-01002</u>.

Services that are covered

Originating Site Fee (Q3014)

The insurer will pay an **originating site** fee to a provider when they allow the worker to use their telecommunications equipment for a **telehealth** service with a provider at another location. To bill for the **originating site** fee, use HCPCS code **Q3014**.

Q3014 is payable to the **originating site** provider when no other billable service, provided to the same patient, is rendered concurrently.



Note: If the **distant site** and the **originating site** are owned or rented by the same entity, **Q3014** is payable as long as billing and documentation requirements are met.

Q3014 billing example

A worker attends an in-person Evaluation and Management (E/M) appointment at their attending provider's office. The attending provider documents all necessary information as part of this visit and bills for the E/M service. The originating site (attending provider's office) also arranges a secure and private space for the worker to participate in a consultation with their cardiologist at another location (distant site provider). The originating site provider may bill the insurer Q3014 for allowing the worker to use their space for their telehealth visit with the distant site provider. The originating site provider is required to separately document the use of their space as part of their bill for Q3014. The distant site provider bills for the services they provide; they can't bill Q3014.

How to bill for this scenario

For this telehealth visit:

- The distant site provider would bill the appropriate CPT® E/M code, with modifier
 –GT.
- The originating site provider would bill Q3014.

Store and Forward

G2010 is covered for patient-to-provider store and forward of images or video recordings, including interpretation and follow up when it isn't part of an E/M visit. Follow up must occur within 24 business hours of receiving the images or video recordings. Follow up may occur by phone, **telehealth**, or in-person, and isn't separately payable. **G2010** isn't covered if the patient provides the image or video recording as follow-up from an E/M visit in the prior 7

days, nor if the provider's evaluation of the image or video recording leads to an E/M service within the next 24 hours or soonest available appointment. Providers are required to document their interpretation of the image or video recording. Chart notes that don't state the interpretation by the provider are insufficient.

Services that aren't covered

Telephonic visits don't replace video 2-way communication and can't be billed using non-telephonic E/M services codes.

Telehealth procedures

Telehealth procedures and services that aren't covered include:

- The services listed under "Services that must be performed in-person",
- Hands-on services,
- Completion and filing of any form that requires a hands-on physical examination (such as Report of Accident, Provider's Initial Report),
- Purchase, rental, installation, or maintenance of telecommunication equipment or systems,
- Home health monitoring, and
- Telehealth transmission, per minute (HCPCS code T1014).



Note: Completion of APFs can't occur via **telehealth** when the update will take the worker off work or the provider increases the worker's restrictions. In these situations the visit must be in-person.

Telehealth locations

Q3014 isn't covered when:

- The originating site provider performs any service during a telehealth visit, or
- The worker is at home, or
- Billed by the **distant site** provider, *or*
- The provider uses audio only.

The worker won't be reimbursed for using home as an **originating site**, or for any other **telehealth** related services or expenses.

Requirements for billing

For services delivered via **telehealth**, bill the applicable codes as if delivering care in person.

Distant site providers must use place of service **-02** to denote the **telehealth** visit when the worker isn't located in their home and will be reimbursed at the facility rate. **Distant site** providers must use place of service **-10** to denote the **telehealth** visit when the worker is located in their home and will be reimbursed at the non-facility rate.

Bill using the **-GT** modifier to indicate **telehealth**.

Documentation requirements

For the purposes of this policy, the following must be included in addition to the documentation and coding requirements for services billed, as noted in MARFS:

- A notation of the worker's **originating site**, and
- Documentation of the worker's consent to participate in telehealth services. This
 must be noted for each telehealth visit.

If treatment is to continue via **telehealth**, the evaluation report must include a detailed plan for implementing **telehealth** as agreed upon in a collaborative manner between the provider and worker.

Chart notes must contain documentation that justifies the level, type and extent of services billed. See the documentation requirements in this chapter and other applicable MARFS chapter(s) for the type of service rendered and the documentation requirements.

When Q3014 is the only code billed, documentation is still required to support the service. When a provider bills Q3014 on the same day they render in-person care to a worker, separate documentation is required for both the in-person visit and the Q3014 service. The originating site provider billing Q3014 must submit separate documentation indicating who the distant site provider is and that the service is separate from the in-person visit that occurred on the same day.

Payment limits

The same payment limits listed in this chapter apply regardless of how the service is rendered to the worker.

Links to related topics

If you're looking for more information about	Then see
Administrative rules for E/M services	Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 296- 20-045 WAC 296-20-051 WAC 296-20-01002 WAC 296-23-195
	WAC 296-20-030
Becoming an L&I provider	Become A Provider on L&I's website
Billing instructions and forms	Chapter 2: Information for All Providers
CMS 1500 form	F245-127-000
The 2023 American Medical Association (AMA) E/M Code and Guideline Changes	2023 guidelines
Fee schedules for all healthcare professional services (including chiropractic)	Fee schedules on L&I's website
Payment policies Chiropractic Services	Chapter 7: Chiropractic Services
Payment Policies Physical Medicine Services	Chapter 25: Physical Medicine Services

Need more help?

Call L&I's Provider Hotline at 1-800-848-0811 or email PHL@Ini.wa.gov