

Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	28,830	8,960	2,290	3,250	3,420	19,860	8,550	190	610	2,480	4,550	2,730	750	--	
Gender:															
Male	17,690	7,210	1,570	3,130	2,510	10,480	5,760	110	500	1,620	810	1,230	430	--	
Female	11,080	1,750	720	120	910	9,330	2,740	80	120	860	3,740	1,490	310	--	
Age:															
14 to 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
16 to 19	1,090	300	100	130	80	790	280	--	--	50	180	260	--	--	
20 to 24	2,970	1,030	370	370	290	1,940	810	40	--	140	440	400	80	--	
25 to 34	6,850	2,480	620	990	870	4,370	1,900	30	100	510	1,130	600	100	--	
35 to 44	5,670	1,910	530	730	660	3,750	1,410	40	280	660	840	320	210	--	
45 to 54	6,020	1,790	370	630	790	4,230	1,820	20	80	560	920	700	130	--	
55 to 64	5,140	1,160	180	340	640	3,980	1,940	50	70	520	870	310	210	--	
65 and over	820	210	110	20	70	610	270	--	50	40	160	70	--	--	
Length of service with employer:															
Less than 3 months	3,680	1,530	660	420	450	2,150	990	--	--	310	490	270	80	--	
3 to 11 months	6,450	2,100	440	950	700	4,350	1,720	70	110	570	1,040	790	60	--	
1 to 5 years	10,830	3,010	720	1,390	900	7,820	3,120	70	170	940	1,850	1,180	490	--	
More than 5 years	7,580	2,270	460	450	1,360	5,310	2,530	50	330	660	1,160	460	120	--	
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :															
White only	8,530	2,670	380	1,280	1,000	5,860	2,490	100	200	540	1,510	600	430	--	
Black only	620	140	--	20	120	480	170	--	--	70	150	60	--	--	
Hispanic or Latino only	3,760	2,120	1,240	330	550	1,640	560	--	--	340	420	260	50	--	
Asian only	770	90	--	--	80	680	130	--	--	40	140	340	--	--	
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	150	60	--	--	60	90	50	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	160	50	--	20	20	110	20	--	--	30	20	40	--	--	
Hispanic or Latino and other race	20	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Multi-race	100	20	--	--	20	80	30	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	
Not reported	14,730	3,830	660	1,590	1,580	10,900	5,090	90	400	1,450	2,260	1,390	220	--	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 2. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Gender:														
Male	61.4	80.5	68.6	96.3	73.4	52.8	67.4	57.9	82.0	65.3	17.8	45.1	57.3	--
Female	38.4	19.5	31.4	3.7	26.6	47.0	32.0	42.1	19.7	34.7	82.2	54.6	41.3	--
Age:														
14 to 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19	3.8	3.3	4.4	4.0	2.3	4.0	3.3	--	--	2.0	4.0	9.5	--	--
20 to 24	10.3	11.5	16.2	11.4	8.5	9.8	9.5	21.1	--	5.6	9.7	14.7	10.7	--
25 to 34	23.8	27.7	27.1	30.5	25.4	22.0	22.2	15.8	16.4	20.6	24.8	22.0	13.3	--
35 to 44	19.7	21.3	23.1	22.5	19.3	18.9	16.5	21.1	45.9	26.6	18.5	11.7	28.0	--
45 to 54	20.9	20.0	16.2	19.4	23.1	21.3	21.3	10.5	13.1	22.6	20.2	25.6	17.3	--
55 to 64	17.8	12.9	7.9	10.5	18.7	20.0	22.7	26.3	11.5	21.0	19.1	11.4	28.0	--
65 and over	2.8	2.3	4.8	.6	2.0	3.1	3.2	--	8.2	1.6	3.5	2.6	--	--
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	12.8	17.1	28.8	12.9	13.2	10.8	11.6	--	--	12.5	10.8	9.9	10.7	--
3 to 11 months	22.4	23.4	19.2	29.2	20.5	21.9	20.1	36.8	18.0	23.0	22.9	28.9	8.0	--
1 to 5 years	37.6	33.6	31.4	42.8	26.3	39.4	36.5	36.8	27.9	37.9	40.7	43.2	65.3	--
More than 5 years	26.3	25.3	20.1	13.8	39.8	26.7	29.6	26.3	54.1	26.6	25.5	16.8	16.0	--
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :														
White only	29.6	29.8	16.6	39.4	29.2	29.5	29.1	52.6	32.8	21.8	33.2	22.0	57.3	--
Black only	2.2	1.6	--	.6	3.5	2.4	2.0	--	--	2.8	3.3	2.2	--	--
Hispanic or Latino only	13.0	23.7	54.1	10.2	16.1	8.3	6.5	--	--	13.7	9.2	9.5	6.7	--
Asian only	2.7	1.0	--	--	2.3	3.4	1.5	--	--	1.6	3.1	12.5	--	--
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	.5	.7	--	--	1.8	.5	.6	--	--	--	.4	--	--	--
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	.6	.6	--	.6	.6	.6	.2	--	--	1.2	.4	1.5	--	--
Hispanic or Latino and other race	.1	--	--	--	--	.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-race	.3	.2	--	--	.6	.4	.4	--	--	--	--	1.1	--	--
Not reported	51.1	42.7	28.8	48.9	46.2	54.9	59.5	47.4	65.6	58.5	49.7	50.9	29.3	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies, November 13, 2019. November 13, 2019

Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	28,830	8,960	2,290	3,250	3,420	19,860	8,550	190	610	2,480	4,550	2,730	750	--
Management occupations	560	170	--	160	--	390	50	--	70	60	120	90	--	--
Business and financial operations occupations	180	30	--	--	--	160	60	--	--	20	40	20	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	20	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	80	20	--	--	20	60	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	40	40	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	320	--	--	--	--	320	--	--	--	--	140	--	180	--
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	280	--	--	--	--	280	--	--	--	--	270	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	100	--	--	--	--	90	--	20	--	--	--	40	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	1,180	--	--	--	--	1,180	60	--	--	80	1,040	--	--	--
Healthcare support occupations	1,360	--	--	--	--	1,360	--	--	--	160	1,180	--	--	--
Protective service occupations	240	--	--	--	--	240	20	--	--	150	30	30	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations	2,790	--	--	--	--	2,780	480	--	--	20	180	2,080	--	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	1,870	230	100	50	80	1,640	130	--	60	880	350	190	30	--
Personal care and service occupations	780	--	--	--	--	780	--	--	--	--	620	70	70	--
Sales and related occupations	1,510	--	--	--	--	1,500	1,350	20	--	70	20	40	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations	1,970	170	--	--	150	1,800	1,000	20	50	400	300	20	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	2,060	2,010	1,970	--	40	40	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations	2,910	2,710	--	2,660	50	200	70	--	--	110	--	--	--	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	2,470	620	50	280	290	1,850	750	100	390	150	70	50	340	--
Production occupations	2,720	2,260	20	--	2,220	460	370	--	--	20	--	20	40	--
Transportation and material moving occupations	5,350	670	130	30	520	4,680	4,130	20	--	270	140	90	30	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2018

Occupation	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	28,830	8,960	2,290	3,250	3,420	19,860	8,550	190	610	2,480	4,550	2,730	750	--
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	1,730	280	--	--	280	1,460	1,360	--	--	60	20	20	--	--
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse	1,550	1,520	1,490	--	--	30	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	1,280	210	100	20	80	1,070	890	--	--	180	--	--	--	--
Stock clerks and order fillers	960	--	--	--	--	950	640	--	--	300	--	--	--	--
Construction laborers	890	840	--	830	--	50	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Light truck or delivery services drivers	750	--	--	--	--	730	690	--	--	--	30	--	--	--
Nursing assistants	730	--	--	--	--	730	--	--	--	--	720	--	--	--
Food preparation workers	700	--	--	--	--	700	380	--	--	20	--	290	--	--
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	630	100	20	--	80	530	130	--	--	240	110	30	--	--
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	630	--	--	--	--	630	600	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Industrial truck and tractor operators	610	90	20	--	60	520	520	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cooks, restaurant	550	--	--	--	--	550	--	--	--	--	--	550	--	--
Registered nurses	540	--	--	--	--	540	--	--	--	--	530	--	--	--
Retail salespersons	530	--	--	--	--	530	480	--	--	--	20	--	--	--
Personal care aides	510	--	--	--	--	510	--	--	--	--	500	--	--	--
Maintenance and repair workers, general	430	130	--	--	120	300	20	--	140	20	30	40	30	--
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	380	30	--	30	--	360	--	--	40	270	--	--	--	--
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	380	--	--	--	--	380	210	--	--	30	--	--	120	--
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	350	--	--	--	--	350	--	--	--	--	200	130	--	--
Carpenters	340	260	--	240	20	90	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors of mechanics, installers, and repairers	340	30	--	--	30	310	--	--	240	--	--	--	50	--
First-line supervisors of construction trades and extraction workers	290	280	--	280	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Electricians	270	270	--	260	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Tree trimmers and pruners	250	70	70	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	240	--	--	--	--	240	--	--	--	--	--	240	--	--
Cashiers	240	--	--	--	--	240	200	--	--	--	--	40	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	28,830	8,960	2,290	3,250	3,420	19,860	8,550	190	610	2,480	4,550	2,730	750	--	
Nature of injury, illness:															
Fractures	1,940	720	100	350	270	1,220	690	20	--	190	170	110	40	--	
Sprains, strains, tears	10,730	2,890	630	1,040	1,220	7,840	3,760	60	120	780	2,320	650	140	--	
Amputations	250	230	190	--	30	20	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Bruise, contusions	1,900	530	260	50	230	1,370	630	--	--	180	350	190	--	--	
Chemical burns and corrosions	90	50	--	--	50	40	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Heat (thermal) burns	370	30	--	--	20	350	90	--	--	--	--	240	--	--	
Soreness, pain	5,410	1,630	450	670	510	3,770	1,510	90	160	700	910	310	90	--	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	2,880	1,030	140	510	370	1,860	540	--	220	180	150	660	100	--	
Cuts, lacerations	2,240	880	110	430	340	1,360	470	--	--	70	100	650	60	--	
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	640	140	40	80	30	500	70	--	210	110	50	--	50	--	
Carpal tunnel syndrome	170	70	--	--	70	100	40	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	
Tendonitis	120	20	--	--	--	100	70	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Multiple traumatic injuries	630	260	140	70	50	360	130	--	--	90	60	70	--	--	
With sprains and other injuries	360	110	60	--	40	250	70	--	--	70	40	60	--	--	
With fractures and other injuries	100	60	30	30	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Part of body affected:															
Head	2,410	760	230	290	230	1,640	660	--	40	240	270	180	250	--	
Eye	700	390	180	130	80	300	140	--	--	60	--	30	50	--	
Neck	360	90	40	20	30	270	100	--	--	60	110	--	--	--	
Trunk	6,640	1,920	380	740	800	4,710	2,310	20	100	510	1,380	330	60	--	
Back	5,210	1,500	240	640	610	3,710	1,840	--	100	340	1,170	190	60	--	
Upper extremities	8,880	2,880	690	840	1,360	5,990	2,370	90	130	740	1,210	1,150	300	--	
Shoulder	2,100	560	90	220	250	1,530	730	--	--	150	450	80	60	--	
Arm	1,550	470	80	180	210	1,080	370	--	--	260	210	180	40	--	
Wrist	1,020	320	90	30	210	690	340	--	--	80	140	110	--	--	
Hand	3,720	1,360	380	340	640	2,360	810	--	80	200	330	740	200	--	
Lower extremities	6,990	2,240	460	1,000	780	4,750	2,390	30	110	570	900	630	120	--	
Knee	2,880	780	100	380	290	2,100	1,020	--	50	280	440	240	70	--	
Ankle	1,510	630	140	340	150	880	410	--	--	60	220	140	--	--	
Foot	1,230	370	120	80	170	860	430	--	--	110	130	150	--	--	
Toe, toenail	340	130	80	--	50	200	70	--	--	--	50	40	--	--	
Body systems	510	100	40	30	40	400	100	--	--	--	240	40	--	--	
Multiple	2,370	870	410	300	160	1,500	540	30	--	340	430	120	--	--	
Source of injury, illness:															
Chemical, chemical products	220	110	40	--	70	120	70	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	
Containers	3,940	690	210	130	350	3,260	2,100	--	60	290	280	520	--	--	
Furniture, fixtures	1,120	240	--	170	70	880	330	--	50	160	220	120	--	--	
Machinery	1,450	600	130	80	400	850	310	--	--	220	90	160	--	--	
Parts and materials	2,930	1,590	280	810	500	1,340	800	--	220	150	40	20	--	--	
Person, injured or ill worker	4,790	1,590	340	510	740	3,200	1,330	50	40	460	650	560	110	--	
Worker motion or position	4,700	1,570	340	510	720	3,130	1,290	50	40	460	630	550	110	--	
Person, other than injured or ill workers	1,760	30	--	20	--	1,730	60	--	--	80	1,570	--	--	--	
Health care patient	1,310	--	--	--	--	1,310	--	--	--	60	1,260	--	--	--	
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	3,810	860	260	180	420	2,950	1,280	40	50	310	820	440	--	--	
Ladder	910	540	420	80	40	360	70	40	--	--	--	20	190	--	
Handtools	2,010	1,040	170	570	300	970	240	--	50	110	90	410	70	--	

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Vehicles	2,110	390	140	120	130	1,730	1,120	20	--	260	170	60	70	--
Trucks	410	90	--	40	40	310	270	--	--	30	--	--	--	--
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	260	40	--	--	20	230	150	--	--	--	60	--	--	--
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	860	70	40	20	--	790	60	--	70	170	470	--	--	--
Intentional injury by other person	350	30	--	20	--	320	30	--	--	40	240	--	--	--
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	280	--	--	--	--	270	20	--	--	30	210	--	--	--
Animal and insect related incidents	230	40	40	--	--	190	--	--	60	90	20	--	--	--
Transportation incidents	910	190	70	60	60	720	330	20	--	200	100	50	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	580	120	50	50	20	450	120	20	--	180	90	40	--	--
Fires and explosions	50	40	--	--	30	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	7,400	2,400	860	780	750	5,000	2,050	80	70	570	1,100	880	260	--
Slips, trips without fall	1,700	550	150	210	190	1,160	370	--	--	120	220	380	60	--
Fall on same level	3,540	840	240	210	390	2,700	1,280	30	40	300	620	430	--	--
Fall to lower level	1,920	900	430	310	160	1,020	330	50	--	110	250	50	190	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	1,010	230	50	50	140	770	220	--	--	--	230	300	--	--
Contact with object, equipment	7,600	3,030	770	1,280	980	4,570	1,870	20	300	650	460	940	330	--
Struck by object or equipment	4,510	2,030	530	1,000	500	2,490	980	--	70	250	230	700	250	--
Struck against object or equipment	1,500	330	50	110	170	1,180	500	--	--	310	140	190	--	--
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	790	390	100	50	240	400	260	--	--	40	40	50	--	--
Overexertion and bodily reaction	10,740	2,940	450	1,050	1,440	7,800	3,920	60	170	840	2,140	540	130	--
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	760	260	40	--	200	510	170	40	--	70	150	70	--	--
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	2,840	660	90	220	350	2,170	1,260	--	60	230	390	200	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	6.7	8.0	4.4	10.8	7.9	6.1	8.1	10.5	--	7.7	3.7	4.0	5.3	--
Sprains, strains, tears	37.2	32.3	27.5	32.0	35.7	39.5	44.0	31.6	19.7	31.5	51.0	23.8	18.7	--
Amputations	.9	2.6	8.3	--	.9	.1	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bruise, contusions	6.6	5.9	11.4	1.5	6.7	6.9	7.4	--	--	7.3	7.7	7.0	--	--
Chemical burns and corrosions	.3	.6	--	--	1.5	.2	.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heat (thermal) burns	1.3	.3	--	--	.6	1.8	1.1	--	--	--	--	8.8	--	--
Soreness, pain	18.8	18.2	19.7	20.6	14.9	19.0	17.7	47.4	26.2	28.2	20.0	11.4	12.0	--
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	10.0	11.5	6.1	15.7	10.8	9.4	6.3	--	36.1	7.3	3.3	24.2	13.3	--
Cuts, lacerations	7.8	9.8	4.8	13.2	9.9	6.8	5.5	--	--	2.8	2.2	23.8	8.0	--
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	2.2	1.6	1.7	2.5	.9	2.5	.8	--	34.4	4.4	1.1	--	6.7	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome	.6	.8	--	--	2.0	.5	.5	--	--	--	.4	--	--	--
Tendonitis	.4	.2	--	--	--	.5	.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries	2.2	2.9	6.1	2.2	1.5	1.8	1.5	--	--	3.6	1.3	2.6	--	--
With sprains and other injuries	1.2	1.2	2.6	--	1.2	1.3	.8	--	--	2.8	.9	2.2	--	--
With fractures and other injuries	.3	.7	1.3	.9	--	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Part of body affected:														
Head	8.4	8.5	10.0	8.9	6.7	8.3	7.7	--	6.6	9.7	5.9	6.6	33.3	--
Eye	2.4	4.4	7.9	4.0	2.3	1.5	1.6	--	--	2.4	--	1.1	6.7	--
Neck	1.2	1.0	1.7	.6	.9	1.4	1.2	--	--	2.4	2.4	--	--	--
Trunk	23.0	21.4	16.6	22.8	23.4	23.7	27.0	10.5	16.4	20.6	30.3	12.1	8.0	--
Back	18.1	16.7	10.5	19.7	17.8	18.7	21.5	--	16.4	13.7	25.7	7.0	8.0	--
Upper extremities	30.8	32.1	30.1	25.8	39.8	30.2	27.7	47.4	21.3	29.8	26.6	42.1	40.0	--
Shoulder	7.3	6.3	3.9	6.8	7.3	7.7	8.5	--	--	6.0	9.9	2.9	8.0	--
Arm	5.4	5.2	3.5	5.5	6.1	5.4	4.3	--	--	10.5	4.6	6.6	5.3	--
Wrist	3.5	3.6	3.9	.9	6.1	3.5	4.0	--	--	3.2	3.1	4.0	--	--
Hand	12.9	15.2	16.6	10.5	18.7	11.9	9.5	--	13.1	8.1	7.3	27.1	26.7	--
Lower extremities	24.2	25.0	20.1	30.8	22.8	23.9	28.0	15.8	18.0	23.0	19.8	23.1	16.0	--
Knee	10.0	8.7	4.4	11.7	8.5	10.6	11.9	--	8.2	11.3	9.7	8.8	9.3	--
Ankle	5.2	7.0	6.1	10.5	4.4	4.4	4.8	--	--	2.4	4.8	5.1	--	--
Foot	4.3	4.1	5.2	2.5	5.0	4.3	5.0	--	--	4.4	2.9	5.5	--	--
Toe, toenail	1.2	1.5	3.5	--	1.5	1.0	.8	--	--	--	1.1	1.5	--	--
Body systems	1.8	1.1	1.7	.9	1.2	2.0	1.2	--	--	--	5.3	1.5	--	--
Multiple	8.2	9.7	17.9	9.2	4.7	7.6	6.3	15.8	--	13.7	9.5	4.4	--	--
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	.8	1.2	1.7	--	2.0	.6	.8	--	--	--	.7	--	--	--
Containers	13.7	7.7	9.2	4.0	10.2	16.4	24.6	--	9.8	11.7	6.2	19.0	--	--
Furniture, fixtures	3.9	2.7	--	5.2	2.0	4.4	3.9	--	8.2	6.5	4.8	4.4	--	--
Machinery	5.0	6.7	5.7	2.5	11.7	4.3	3.6	--	--	8.9	2.0	5.9	--	--
Parts and materials	10.2	17.7	12.2	24.9	14.6	6.7	9.4	--	36.1	6.0	.9	.7	--	--
Person, injured or ill worker	16.6	17.7	14.8	15.7	21.6	16.1	15.6	26.3	6.6	18.5	14.3	20.5	14.7	--
Worker motion or position	16.3	17.5	14.8	15.7	21.1	15.8	15.1	26.3	6.6	18.5	13.8	20.1	14.7	--
Person, other than injured or ill workers	6.1	.3	--	.6	--	8.7	.7	--	--	3.2	34.5	--	--	--
Health care patient	4.5	--	--	--	--	6.6	--	--	--	2.4	27.7	--	--	--
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	13.2	9.6	11.4	5.5	12.3	14.9	15.0	21.1	8.2	12.5	18.0	16.1	--	--
Ladder	3.2	6.0	18.3	2.5	1.2	1.8	.8	21.1	--	--	--	.7	25.3	--
Handtools	7.0	11.6	7.4	17.5	8.8	4.9	2.8	--	8.2	4.4	2.0	15.0	9.3	--

Table 6. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Vehicles	7.3	4.4	6.1	3.7	3.8	8.7	13.1	10.5	--	10.5	3.7	2.2	9.3	--
Trucks	1.4	1.0	--	1.2	1.2	1.6	3.2	--	--	1.2	--	--	--	--
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	.9	.4	--	--	.6	1.2	1.8	--	--	--	1.3	--	--	--
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	3.0	.8	1.7	.6	--	4.0	.7	--	11.5	6.9	10.3	--	--	--
Intentional injury by other person	1.2	.3	--	.6	--	1.6	.4	--	--	1.6	5.3	--	--	--
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	1.0	--	--	--	--	1.4	.2	--	--	1.2	4.6	--	--	--
Animal and insect related incidents	.8	.4	1.7	--	--	1.0	--	--	9.8	3.6	.4	--	--	--
Transportation incidents	3.2	2.1	3.1	1.8	1.8	3.6	3.9	10.5	--	8.1	2.2	1.8	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	2.0	1.3	2.2	1.5	.6	2.3	1.4	10.5	--	7.3	2.0	1.5	--	--
Fires and explosions	.2	.4	--	--	.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	25.7	26.8	37.6	24.0	21.9	25.2	24.0	42.1	11.5	23.0	24.2	32.2	34.7	--
Slips, trips without fall	5.9	6.1	6.6	6.5	5.6	5.8	4.3	--	--	4.8	4.8	13.9	8.0	--
Fall on same level	12.3	9.4	10.5	6.5	11.4	13.6	15.0	15.8	6.6	12.1	13.6	15.8	--	--
Fall to lower level	6.7	10.0	18.8	9.5	4.7	5.1	3.9	26.3	--	4.4	5.5	1.8	25.3	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	3.5	2.6	2.2	1.5	4.1	3.9	2.6	--	--	--	5.1	11.0	--	--
Contact with object, equipment	26.4	33.8	33.6	39.4	28.7	23.0	21.9	10.5	49.2	26.2	10.1	34.4	44.0	--
Struck by object or equipment	15.6	22.7	23.1	30.8	14.6	12.5	11.5	--	11.5	10.1	5.1	25.6	33.3	--
Struck against object or equipment	5.2	3.7	2.2	3.4	5.0	5.9	5.8	--	--	12.5	3.1	7.0	--	--
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	2.7	4.4	4.4	1.5	7.0	2.0	3.0	--	--	1.6	.9	1.8	--	--
Overexertion and bodily reaction	37.3	32.8	19.7	32.3	42.1	39.3	45.8	31.6	27.9	33.9	47.0	19.8	17.3	--
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	2.6	2.9	1.7	--	5.8	2.6	2.0	21.1	--	2.8	3.3	2.6	--	--
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	9.9	7.4	3.9	6.8	10.2	10.9	14.7	--	9.8	9.3	8.6	7.3	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	129.2	166.4	255.1	187.5	124.2	117.4	172.7	15.9	46.6	70.3	145.0	127.9	114.9	--
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	8.7	13.3	11.3	20.1	9.7	7.2	13.9	1.3	--	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.5	--
Sprains, strains, tears	48.1	53.6	70.2	59.8	44.3	46.3	76.0	4.9	8.9	22.2	73.9	30.5	21.8	--
Amputations	1.1	4.2	21.0	--	1.2	.1	.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bruise, contusions	8.5	9.8	28.6	2.6	8.2	8.1	12.8	--	--	5.1	11.1	8.7	--	--
Chemical burns and corrosions	.4	1.0	--	--	1.7	.2	.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heat (thermal) burns	1.7	.5	--	--	.8	2.1	1.7	--	--	--	--	11.3	--	--
Soreness, pain	24.2	30.3	50.5	38.7	18.5	22.3	30.4	7.4	12.4	19.9	29.0	14.4	13.9	--
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	12.9	19.0	15.9	29.7	13.3	11.0	11.0	--	16.8	5.1	4.7	30.8	15.6	--
Cuts, lacerations	10.0	16.4	11.9	25.1	12.4	8.0	9.5	--	--	2.0	3.1	30.4	8.5	--
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	2.9	2.6	4.0	4.6	.9	3.0	1.5	--	15.7	3.2	1.6	--	7.1	--
Carpal tunnel syndrome	.8	1.3	--	--	2.5	.6	.8	--	--	--	.7	--	--	--
Tendonitis	.5	.4	--	--	--	.6	1.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries	2.8	4.9	15.1	4.2	2.0	2.1	2.5	--	--	2.5	2.0	3.3	--	--
With sprains and other injuries	1.6	2.0	6.3	--	1.4	1.5	1.4	--	--	2.1	1.3	3.0	--	--
With fractures and other injuries	.4	1.2	3.7	1.7	--	.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Part of body affected:														
Head	10.8	14.1	26.1	16.9	8.5	9.7	13.3	--	3.2	6.7	8.6	8.3	38.7	--
Eye	3.1	7.3	19.5	7.6	3.1	1.8	2.9	--	--	1.8	--	1.6	7.7	--
Neck	1.6	1.7	4.4	1.3	1.1	1.6	2.0	--	--	1.6	3.4	--	--	--
Trunk	29.8	35.7	42.0	43.0	29.1	27.9	46.7	1.4	7.9	14.3	43.8	15.7	9.4	--
Back	23.3	27.8	27.2	36.8	22.3	21.9	37.2	--	7.6	9.7	37.2	9.1	8.7	--
Upper extremities	39.8	53.5	76.5	48.3	49.4	35.4	47.9	7.7	9.6	20.9	38.6	54.1	45.9	--
Shoulder	9.4	10.5	9.9	12.8	9.2	9.1	14.8	--	--	4.3	14.4	3.7	9.5	--
Arm	6.9	8.7	9.0	10.5	7.4	6.4	7.5	--	--	7.2	6.6	8.5	6.1	--
Wrist	4.6	6.0	9.8	1.8	7.5	4.1	7.0	--	--	2.3	4.5	5.2	--	--
Hand	16.7	25.3	42.6	19.6	23.1	13.9	16.3	--	6.0	5.8	10.4	34.7	30.2	--
Lower extremities	31.3	41.7	51.4	57.7	28.4	28.1	48.2	2.8	8.0	16.3	28.6	29.8	18.0	--
Knee	12.9	14.4	11.0	22.2	10.7	12.4	20.5	--	3.6	7.9	13.9	11.4	10.9	--
Ankle	6.8	11.7	16.0	19.5	5.4	5.2	8.2	--	--	1.8	7.1	6.3	--	--
Foot	5.5	6.9	13.1	4.8	6.2	5.1	8.8	--	--	3.1	4.2	7.1	--	--
Toe, toenail	1.5	2.5	9.0	--	1.9	1.2	1.3	--	--	--	1.6	1.8	--	--
Body systems	2.3	1.9	4.1	1.5	1.5	2.4	2.1	--	--	--	7.7	1.9	--	--
Multiple	10.6	16.2	45.8	17.2	5.8	8.8	10.9	2.6	--	9.5	13.8	5.8	--	--
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	1.0	2.0	4.2	--	2.4	.7	1.3	--	--	--	1.0	--	--	--
Containers	17.7	12.7	22.8	7.6	12.6	19.2	42.4	--	4.4	8.2	8.9	24.2	--	--
Furniture, fixtures	5.0	4.5	--	9.9	2.4	5.2	6.7	--	3.7	4.4	7.0	5.5	--	--
Machinery	6.5	11.2	14.1	4.4	14.5	5.0	6.4	--	--	6.3	3.0	7.4	--	--
Parts and materials	13.2	29.5	30.8	46.8	18.3	7.9	16.1	--	16.9	4.2	1.3	1.0	--	--
Person, injured or ill worker	21.5	29.5	38.0	29.3	26.8	18.9	26.8	4.2	3.0	13.0	20.7	26.4	16.9	--
Worker motion or position	21.1	29.1	37.6	29.3	26.2	18.5	26.0	3.9	3.0	13.0	20.0	26.0	16.9	--
Person, other than injured or ill workers	7.9	.6	--	1.2	--	10.2	1.2	--	--	2.3	50.1	--	--	--
Health care patient	5.9	--	--	--	--	7.8	--	--	--	1.6	40.0	--	--	--
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	17.1	16.0	29.1	10.4	15.3	17.4	25.8	3.2	3.5	8.8	26.2	20.7	--	--
Ladder	4.1	10.1	46.6	4.6	1.6	2.1	1.5	3.4	--	--	--	.8	29.8	--
Handtools	9.0	19.2	19.3	32.7	10.7	5.7	4.8	--	3.6	3.3	3.0	19.2	10.2	--

Table 7. Incidence rates¹ nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Vehicles	9.5	7.2	15.1	6.7	4.8	10.2	22.7	2.0	--	7.3	5.3	3.0	10.7	--
Trucks	1.8	1.7	--	2.4	1.4	1.9	5.4	--	--	.9	--	--	--	--
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.2	.7	--	--	.6	1.3	3.0	--	--	--	1.8	--	--	--
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	3.9	1.3	4.7	1.3	--	4.7	1.3	--	5.3	4.8	15.0	--	--	--
Intentional injury by other person	1.6	.5	--	1.2	--	1.9	.6	--	--	1.2	7.7	--	--	--
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	1.2	--	--	--	--	1.6	.4	--	--	.9	6.7	--	--	--
Animal and insect related incidents	1.1	.7	4.3	--	--	1.1	--	--	4.5	2.7	.7	--	--	--
Transportation incidents	4.1	3.6	8.3	3.4	2.1	4.3	6.8	2.0	--	5.8	3.1	2.5	--	--
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	2.6	2.3	6.0	3.1	.6	2.7	2.4	2.0	--	5.0	2.8	1.6	--	--
Fires and explosions	.2	.7	--	--	1.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls, slips, trips	33.2	44.5	95.7	45.2	27.4	29.6	41.3	6.7	5.1	16.2	35.0	41.1	40.6	--
Slips, trips without fall	7.6	10.1	16.9	12.0	6.8	6.8	7.4	--	--	3.4	7.1	17.7	8.8	--
Fall on same level	15.9	15.5	26.6	12.0	14.2	16.0	25.8	2.2	3.0	8.6	19.8	20.1	--	--
Fall to lower level	8.6	16.7	47.5	17.8	6.0	6.0	6.7	4.4	--	3.2	8.1	2.4	29.9	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	4.5	4.3	5.2	2.6	5.1	4.6	4.4	--	--	--	7.3	14.1	--	--
Contact with object, equipment	34.0	56.2	85.9	73.8	35.5	27.0	37.7	1.6	22.5	18.5	14.6	44.2	50.9	--
Struck by object or equipment	20.2	37.6	58.4	57.8	18.1	14.7	19.7	--	5.4	7.0	7.4	33.0	38.9	--
Struck against object or equipment	6.7	6.1	5.5	6.1	6.3	6.9	10.0	--	--	8.8	4.5	8.8	--	--
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	3.5	7.2	11.3	2.8	8.7	2.4	5.2	--	--	1.1	1.2	2.3	--	--
Overexertion and bodily reaction	48.1	54.6	50.5	60.8	52.1	46.1	79.1	5.2	12.7	23.7	68.2	25.5	20.0	--
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	3.4	4.8	4.8	--	7.4	3.0	3.4	3.0	--	2.0	4.6	3.4	--	--
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	12.7	12.3	10.5	12.5	12.8	12.8	25.5	--	4.4	6.4	12.5	9.4	--	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	15.0	12.1	18.4	13.1	11.6	5.8	24.0	7
Gender:									
Male	100.0	16.1	13.6	19.1	12.3	10.9	5.9	22.2	6
Female	100.0	13.2	9.9	17.3	14.3	12.6	5.8	27.0	9
Age:									
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	100.0	25.7	7.3	16.5	26.6	11.9	2.8	10.1	6
20 - 24	100.0	21.5	13.1	19.2	15.5	13.1	4.0	13.8	5
25 - 34	100.0	16.8	13.1	21.5	13.9	14.3	5.1	15.2	5
35 - 44	100.0	15.2	16.8	18.7	12.2	11.1	6.2	19.8	5
45 - 54	100.0	11.6	10.6	14.5	12.3	11.0	5.5	34.4	11
55 - 64	100.0	11.7	7.2	16.1	10.1	8.6	8.2	37.7	15
65 and over	100.0	6.1	17.1	22.0	13.4	8.5	6.1	26.8	6
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months	100.0	18.2	13.0	19.3	14.7	9.0	7.6	18.5	5
3 - 11 months	100.0	17.8	13.6	17.1	13.0	10.4	5.4	22.5	6
1 - 5 years	100.0	14.1	11.5	19.8	14.7	13.1	3.9	22.9	7
5 years or more	100.0	12.3	11.3	16.6	10.2	11.9	8.2	29.6	10
Race or ethnic origin ² :									
White	100.0	18.4	14.5	17.8	12.3	10.4	5.0	21.6	5
Hispanic or Latino	100.0	16.8	16.5	23.7	11.7	10.4	5.6	15.4	4
Black or African American	100.0	21.0	6.5	19.4	16.1	8.1	3.2	24.2	6
Asian	100.0	22.1	3.9	22.1	37.7	6.5	--	6.5	7
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0	50.0	--	--	--	--	--	12.5	1
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	100.0	13.3	13.3	13.3	--	33.3	--	13.3	14
Multi-race	100.0	--	--	30.0	30.0	--	--	--	3
Hispanic and other	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	10

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both Multi-race and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 9. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2018

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	15.0	12.1	18.4	13.1	11.6	5.8	24.0	7
Management occupations	100.0	21.4	12.5	8.9	12.5	8.9	7.1	30.4	7
Business and financial operations occupations	100.0	27.8	22.2	16.7	11.1	--	11.1	16.7	3
Computer and mathematical occupations	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5
Architecture and engineering occupations	100.0	37.5	25.0	--	--	37.5	--	--	2
Life, physical, and social science occupations	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9
Community and social service occupations	100.0	6.3	6.3	21.9	--	6.3	--	56.3	45
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	100.0	28.6	--	32.1	17.9	10.7	--	10.7	3
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	100.0	--	--	--	--	40.0	--	30.0	14
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	100.0	11.0	8.5	20.3	15.3	13.6	4.2	28.0	9
Healthcare support occupations	100.0	17.6	11.8	15.4	15.4	10.3	8.1	21.3	6
Protective service occupations	100.0	25.0	16.7	16.7	8.3	--	8.3	16.7	3
Food preparation and serving related occupations	100.0	21.1	8.2	19.0	22.2	7.9	2.9	18.6	6
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	100.0	25.7	14.4	18.7	6.4	11.2	7.5	16.0	4
Personal care and service occupations	100.0	9.0	15.4	15.4	10.3	30.8	5.1	15.4	11
Sales and related occupations	100.0	10.6	6.0	17.2	11.3	9.9	5.3	39.7	15
Office and administrative support occupations	100.0	9.6	5.1	13.2	13.7	20.3	5.6	33.0	15
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	100.0	15.0	13.1	28.2	12.1	14.1	6.8	10.2	4
Construction and extraction occupations	100.0	11.0	16.2	17.9	13.7	9.6	7.6	23.7	7
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	100.0	17.8	22.7	17.0	10.1	11.7	7.3	13.0	4
Production occupations	100.0	17.6	13.2	20.2	12.1	8.1	5.1	23.5	5
Transportation and material moving occupations	100.0	9.7	10.3	18.1	12.9	10.5	5.6	33.1	10

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected occupations and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2018

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	15.0	12.1	18.4	13.1	11.6	5.8	24.0	7
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	100.0	16.2	12.1	21.4	12.7	12.1	3.5	22.5	6
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse	100.0	13.5	12.3	27.1	11.6	18.1	5.8	11.0	5
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	100.0	6.3	12.5	21.9	11.7	8.6	6.3	32.8	9
Stock clerks and order fillers	100.0	5.2	5.2	11.5	18.8	14.6	8.3	37.5	15
Construction laborers	100.0	18.0	7.9	10.1	31.5	5.6	--	25.8	7
Light truck or delivery services drivers	100.0	8.0	8.0	12.0	14.7	13.3	5.3	38.7	16
Nursing assistants	100.0	17.8	11.0	15.1	17.8	6.8	6.8	26.0	6
Food preparation workers	100.0	20.0	5.7	11.4	8.6	11.4	--	40.0	14
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	25.4	15.9	12.7	6.3	11.1	9.5	17.5	4
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	100.0	9.5	3.2	12.7	6.3	7.9	6.3	54.0	113
Industrial truck and tractor operators	100.0	4.9	4.9	6.6	4.9	9.8	6.6	62.3	84
Cooks, restaurant	100.0	14.5	9.1	14.5	54.5	--	--	5.5	8
Registered nurses	100.0	5.6	--	20.4	18.5	14.8	5.6	33.3	13
Retail salespersons	100.0	5.7	9.4	18.9	13.2	13.2	3.8	34.0	12
Personal care aides	100.0	9.8	9.8	15.7	9.8	39.2	5.9	11.8	14
Maintenance and repair workers, general	100.0	16.3	16.3	25.6	14.0	14.0	4.7	7.0	3
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	100.0	18.4	23.7	21.1	13.2	10.5	--	15.8	5
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	100.0	31.6	5.3	34.2	7.9	5.3	7.9	7.9	4
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	100.0	8.6	8.6	28.6	8.6	14.3	14.3	20.0	7
Carpenters	100.0	8.8	20.6	11.8	8.8	5.9	11.8	32.4	7
First-line supervisors of mechanics, installers, and repairers	100.0	--	64.7	5.9	14.7	--	8.8	--	2
First-line supervisors of construction trades and extraction workers	100.0	--	51.7	20.7	--	10.3	--	10.3	2
Electricians	100.0	7.4	--	66.7	--	--	11.1	7.4	4
Tree trimmers and pruners	100.0	76.0	8.0	8.0	--	8.0	--	--	1
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	100.0	12.5	16.7	29.2	12.5	--	--	25.0	4
Cashiers	100.0	20.8	8.3	16.7	20.8	8.3	--	20.8	7

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 11. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major industry sector and number of days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2018

Industry Sector	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Private Industry ^{2,3,4}	100.0	15.0	12.1	18.4	13.1	11.6	5.8	24.0	7
Goods producing	100.0	14.2	13.8	20.3	11.9	11.0	6.4	22.4	6
Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	100.0	15.3	15.7	26.2	11.4	14.4	6.1	11.4	4
Construction	100.0	10.5	15.7	16.9	12.9	9.5	7.7	26.8	8
Manufacturing	100.0	17.3	10.8	19.6	11.7	10.2	5.3	25.7	6
Service providing	100.0	15.3	11.4	17.5	13.6	11.8	5.6	24.8	7
Trade transportation and utilities	100.0	11.5	9.8	17.7	13.7	10.8	5.6	31.0	10
Information	100.0	10.5	31.6	10.5	--	--	15.8	21.1	4
Financial activities	100.0	14.8	55.7	11.5	3.3	6.6	--	4.9	2
Professional and business services	100.0	24.2	11.7	16.5	6.9	10.5	8.1	21.4	5
Educational and health services	100.0	13.0	10.3	18.7	14.3	17.8	5.1	20.7	7
Leisure and hospitality	100.0	20.1	8.4	18.3	21.6	8.4	3.3	19.0	6
Other services except public administration	100.0	26.7	--	13.3	9.3	10.7	8.0	28.0	9

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 12. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	28,830	8,960	2,290	3,250	3,420	19,860	8,550	190	610	2,480	4,550	2,730	750	--	
Time of event:															
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	780	220	20	--	200	560	260	--	--	70	200	30	--	--	
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	2,510	1,050	350	230	480	1,460	720	--	--	310	320	50	--	--	
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	8,290	2,990	760	1,340	900	5,300	2,380	40	360	810	990	520	200	--	
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	5,910	2,020	600	780	630	3,900	1,770	--	130	520	850	440	170	--	
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	3,290	410	120	120	170	2,880	1,200	--	--	100	660	670	220	--	
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	1,480	300	30	30	230	1,180	470	--	--	100	240	360	--	--	
Not reported	6,560	1,970	420	740	810	4,590	1,750	120	90	570	1,290	650	120	--	
Hours on the job before event occurred:															
Occurred before shift began	120	--	--	--	--	110	60	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	
Less than 1 hour	2,190	560	90	250	220	1,630	610	--	260	170	340	200	50	--	
1 - 2 hours	2,560	860	230	330	300	1,700	880	--	--	110	420	200	70	--	
2 - 4 hours	5,290	1,660	510	600	550	3,630	1,550	40	90	420	740	580	210	--	
4 - 6 hours	5,020	1,410	310	520	590	3,610	1,470	--	50	420	690	720	250	--	
6 - 8 hours	3,430	1,370	400	450	510	2,060	890	--	80	350	500	230	--	--	
8 - 10 hours	2,310	780	210	230	340	1,520	920	--	--	230	260	60	--	--	
10 - 12 hours	650	130	30	40	60	530	180	--	--	200	100	40	--	--	
12 - 16 hours	210	80	30	40	--	130	90	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	
More than 16 hours	40	--	--	--	--	40	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Not reported	7,010	2,100	470	790	840	4,910	1,870	120	90	570	1,460	670	120	--	
Day of week:															
Sunday	1,720	200	40	--	150	1,520	520	50	--	130	300	500	--	--	
Monday	4,840	1,870	600	710	560	2,970	1,520	--	100	400	660	250	--	--	
Tuesday	5,000	1,370	390	310	670	3,630	1,230	--	270	610	930	410	170	--	
Wednesday	5,240	2,040	420	880	730	3,210	1,340	40	40	490	850	360	80	--	
Thursday	5,540	1,610	360	670	580	3,930	1,940	50	70	440	700	540	200	--	
Friday	4,360	1,480	340	570	570	2,880	1,330	30	60	340	680	400	50	--	
Saturday	2,130	400	150	80	160	1,730	670	20	70	70	430	280	180	--	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 13. Percent Distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Time of event:															
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	2.7	2.5	.9	--	5.8	2.8	3.0	--	--	2.8	4.4	1.1	--	--	
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	8.7	11.7	15.3	7.1	14.0	7.4	8.4	--	--	12.5	7.0	1.8	--	--	
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	28.8	33.4	33.2	41.2	26.3	26.7	27.8	21.1	59.0	32.7	21.8	19.0	26.7	--	
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	20.5	22.5	26.2	24.0	18.4	19.6	20.7	--	21.3	21.0	18.7	16.1	22.7	--	
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	11.4	4.6	5.2	3.7	5.0	14.5	14.0	--	--	4.0	14.5	24.5	29.3	--	
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	5.1	3.3	1.3	.9	6.7	5.9	5.5	--	--	4.0	5.3	13.2	--	--	
Not reported	22.8	22.0	18.3	22.8	23.7	23.1	20.5	63.2	14.8	23.0	28.4	23.8	16.0	--	
Hours on the job before event occurred:															
Occurred before shift began	.4	--	--	--	--	.6	.7	--	--	--	--	1.1	--	--	
Less than 1 hour	7.6	6.3	3.9	7.7	6.4	8.2	7.1	--	42.6	6.9	7.5	7.3	6.7	--	
1 - 2 hours	8.9	9.6	10.0	10.2	8.8	8.6	10.3	--	--	4.4	9.2	7.3	9.3	--	
2 - 4 hours	18.3	18.5	22.3	18.5	16.1	18.3	18.1	21.1	14.8	16.9	16.3	21.2	28.0	--	
4 - 6 hours	17.4	15.7	13.5	16.0	17.3	18.2	17.2	--	8.2	16.9	15.2	26.4	33.3	--	
6 - 8 hours	11.9	15.3	17.5	13.8	14.9	10.4	10.4	--	13.1	14.1	11.0	8.4	--	--	
8 - 10 hours	8.0	8.7	9.2	7.1	9.9	7.7	10.8	--	--	9.3	5.7	2.2	--	--	
10 - 12 hours	2.3	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.8	2.7	2.1	--	--	8.1	2.2	1.5	--	--	
12 - 16 hours	.7	.9	1.3	1.2	--	.7	1.1	--	--	--	.9	--	--	--	
More than 16 hours	.1	--	--	--	--	.2	.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Not reported	24.3	23.4	20.5	24.3	24.6	24.7	21.9	63.2	14.8	23.0	32.1	24.5	16.0	--	
Day of week:															
Sunday	6.0	2.2	1.7	--	4.4	7.7	6.1	26.3	--	5.2	6.6	18.3	--	--	
Monday	16.8	20.9	26.2	21.8	16.4	15.0	17.8	--	16.4	16.1	14.5	9.2	--	--	
Tuesday	17.3	15.3	17.0	9.5	19.6	18.3	14.4	--	44.3	24.6	20.4	15.0	22.7	--	
Wednesday	18.2	22.8	18.3	27.1	21.3	16.2	15.7	21.1	6.6	19.8	18.7	13.2	10.7	--	
Thursday	19.2	18.0	15.7	20.6	17.0	19.8	22.7	26.3	11.5	17.7	15.4	19.8	26.7	--	
Friday	15.1	16.5	14.8	17.5	16.7	14.5	15.6	15.8	9.8	13.7	14.9	14.7	6.7	--	
Saturday	7.4	4.5	6.6	2.5	4.7	8.7	7.8	10.5	11.5	2.8	9.5	10.3	24.0	--	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 14. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and number of days from work, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Percent of cases involving								Median days away from work
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	15.0	12.1	18.4	13.1	11.6	5.8	24.0	7
Time of event:									
12:01AM - 4:00AM	100.0	11.5	16.7	17.9	7.7	12.8	7.7	25.6	8
4:01AM - 8:00AM	100.0	12.4	8.4	16.7	11.2	12.0	8.4	31.1	11
8:01AM - 12noon	100.0	15.3	16.6	17.2	12.2	9.9	7.2	21.6	6
12:01PM - 4:00PM	100.0	18.8	10.3	19.0	10.3	12.5	5.4	23.9	6
4:01PM - 8:00PM	100.0	8.8	7.3	20.1	21.9	9.1	3.3	29.5	10
8:01PM - 12midnight	100.0	11.5	8.1	15.5	12.2	8.8	4.7	38.5	12
Time not reported	100.0	16.5	12.3	19.8	13.7	14.5	4.7	18.4	6
Hours on the job before event occurred:									
Before shift began	100.0	25.0	--	16.7	--	--	--	33.3	12
Less than 1 hour	100.0	11.0	19.2	13.2	9.6	10.0	6.8	30.1	9
1 - 2 hours	100.0	13.3	10.9	19.1	20.7	8.2	5.1	23.0	7
2 - 4 hours	100.0	16.6	14.7	18.7	13.2	8.5	7.0	21.4	6
4 - 6 hours	100.0	14.5	11.0	20.7	10.8	12.4	5.6	25.1	7
6 - 8 hours	100.0	17.8	10.5	16.9	11.7	14.0	5.5	23.3	7
8 - 10 hours	100.0	10.4	8.2	14.3	12.6	9.5	5.2	39.4	13
10 - 12 hours	100.0	12.3	9.2	13.8	18.5	15.4	9.2	23.1	10
12 - 16 hours	100.0	14.3	9.5	23.8	9.5	14.3	--	23.8	6
More than 16 hours	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	10
Hours not reported	100.0	16.3	12.1	20.0	13.7	14.1	4.9	19.1	6
Day of week:									
Sunday	100.0	15.1	8.7	22.7	15.1	8.1	7.6	22.1	6
Monday	100.0	13.4	11.6	17.6	12.4	13.6	7.6	23.6	8
Tuesday	100.0	17.8	15.2	16.2	15.0	13.4	5.8	16.4	6
Wednesday	100.0	14.7	14.5	18.9	15.3	10.7	4.8	21.2	6
Thursday	100.0	16.6	11.2	18.6	9.0	8.7	5.8	30.3	7
Friday	100.0	12.6	9.4	19.0	14.0	11.7	5.7	27.5	9
Saturday	100.0	13.1	10.8	18.3	11.3	14.6	3.3	28.6	8

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 15. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected parts of body, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry	Part of body affected by the injury or illness ³															Body systems	Multiple parts	All other body parts
		Head		Neck	Trunk		Upper extremities					Lower extremities							
		Total	Eyes		Total	Back	Total	Shoulder	Arm	Hand	Wrist	Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot				
Total	129.2	10.8	3.1	1.6	29.8	23.3	39.8	9.4	6.9	16.7	4.6	31.3	12.9	6.8	5.5	2.3	10.6	3.0	
Gender:																			
Male	131.6	11.1	4.7	1.1	32.6	24.9	40.5	8.1	8.3	18.9	3.2	33.4	13.9	7.5	6.1	.9	9.4	2.6	
Female	125.5	10.2	.7	2.4	25.4	21.0	38.7	11.3	4.8	13.3	6.5	28.3	11.4	5.7	4.6	4.4	12.5	3.7	
Age:																			
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	221.1	33.7	6.6	7.1	42.4	38.8	64.5	3.5	12.5	42.2	3.7	66.7	12.7	38.9	7.7	--	5.0	--	
20 - 24	162.3	17.6	5.5	--	29.7	26.1	60.6	8.3	3.7	40.8	6.2	37.9	12.2	15.4	7.8	5.7	8.2	1.9	
25 - 34	118.9	8.2	2.6	2.4	33.9	28.9	35.6	7.2	4.5	16.8	5.3	26.2	11.4	5.6	5.5	1.7	9.3	1.4	
35 - 44	114.0	10.4	3.7	1.2	23.2	19.4	35.0	8.9	6.9	13.7	3.7	26.2	7.8	6.5	4.7	1.1	12.1	4.8	
45 - 54	130.8	9.1	2.0	.5	31.5	24.1	39.8	11.3	7.4	13.6	5.3	28.2	14.1	4.1	5.2	3.9	11.9	5.9	
55 - 64	137.3	10.6	2.6	2.4	28.9	17.9	39.6	12.3	10.3	10.6	3.0	42.9	21.2	4.2	5.2	.9	10.9	1.1	
65 and over	116.4	9.3	4.5	--	30.0	15.0	36.2	12.4	9.3	9.2	3.2	25.2	10.6	2.6	8.7	--	13.6	--	
Major occupational group:																			
Management occupations	42.1	3.7	--	--	7.8	4.1	5.9	1.8	--	3.4	--	16.9	14.3	--	--	--	4.4	--	
Business and financial operations occupations	12.4	1.2	--	1.6	3.3	2.9	2.5	--	--	--	--	2.6	--	1.0	--	--	1.0	--	
Computer and mathematical occupations	1.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Architecture and engineering occupations	14.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	10.9	9.9	--	--	--	--	--	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	28.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Community and social service occupations	141.2	83.7	--	--	--	--	7.9	--	--	--	--	13.6	--	8.2	--	--	10.1	--	
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Education, training, and library occupations	102.1	21.8	--	--	27.9	27.9	28.7	--	--	16.3	--	19.5	15.1	--	--	--	--	--	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	37.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	28.6	--	26.2	--	--	--	--	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	107.9	3.8	--	1.7	36.1	29.8	34.9	14.7	8.8	5.8	2.4	19.8	12.6	4.3	1.6	1.8	9.3	--	
Healthcare support occupations	232.6	2.8	--	13.9	86.9	77.5	72.2	35.3	7.3	20.8	6.7	28.7	11.7	5.6	6.1	8.7	19.0	--	
Protective service occupations	141.6	31.8	18.5	--	13.7	--	46.0	16.0	--	14.6	12.7	32.0	15.6	--	--	--	16.3	--	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	158.6	9.2	1.8	--	19.7	13.9	74.0	4.7	11.6	48.6	6.7	32.8	13.5	1.4	12.6	3.2	7.1	12.4	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	317.4	31.0	6.7	--	96.0	70.2	87.5	16.4	43.8	13.5	11.5	67.8	21.6	15.6	13.8	2.6	25.5	5.8	
Personal care and service occupations	106.3	7.4	--	--	24.3	22.3	24.3	7.8	4.4	9.0	2.2	16.4	4.0	6.9	--	--	16.2	--	
Sales and related occupations	62.7	6.3	.9	--	14.8	12.6	11.9	2.5	3.4	3.2	2.0	24.7	3.0	2.1	6.3	.7	2.8	--	
Office and administrative support occupations	69.2	5.5	.7	--	16.8	13.0	22.0	6.0	3.5	4.0	6.1	17.4	10.5	2.0	3.3	.9	6.0	--	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	281.6	23.2	17.3	4.9	44.1	29.0	91.1	11.9	9.7	51.6	12.3	59.1	13.2	19.4	15.1	4.7	47.4	7.1	
Construction and extraction occupations	224.2	19.8	8.7	3.8	56.9	47.5	61.3	15.7	12.7	25.4	2.8	58.2	16.0	23.5	5.2	--	21.9	2.0	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	246.7	26.8	15.3	--	44.7	35.9	85.3	19.2	12.6	46.4	1.8	57.3	23.5	7.9	9.1	2.8	8.2	21.1	
Production occupations	185.3	13.1	6.2	2.1	44.0	34.4	76.8	15.2	11.8	38.2	8.0	35.8	15.8	8.4	7.4	2.2	9.4	1.9	
Transportation and material moving occupations	290.2	19.4	3.3	2.8	74.0	55.6	75.4	26.2	8.9	25.2	10.2	86.0	43.9	19.4	11.7	2.5	28.2	2.0	

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 16. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected natures of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry	Nature of injury or illness ³																
		Sprains, strains	Fractures	Cuts, lacerations, punctures			Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Multiple traumatic injuries			Soreness	Pain	All other natures
				Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures							Total	with fractures	with sprains			
Total	129.2	48.1	8.7	12.9	10.0	2.9	8.5	1.7	.4	1.1	.8	.5	2.8	.4	1.6	24.2	19.5	
Gender:																		
Male	131.6	47.1	8.4	16.0	12.1	3.8	6.7	1.8	.6	1.7	.2	.6	3.2	.6	1.6	26.2	19.3	
Female	125.5	49.5	9.2	8.3	6.9	1.4	11.3	1.5	.2	.2	1.6	.4	2.2	.2	1.7	21.3	19.8	
Age:																		
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
16 - 19	221.1	72.9	12.8	35.5	29.7	5.9	15.1	15.1	4.1	--	--	--	3.8	--	3.8	32.2	29.7	
20 - 24	162.3	48.7	10.1	21.5	16.7	4.7	9.4	4.3	--	9.7	--	--	3.4	--	1.8	25.0	29.1	
25 - 34	118.9	46.6	6.5	10.5	8.1	2.4	8.6	1.7	.6	.4	.5	--	2.9	--	1.7	23.3	17.1	
35 - 44	114.0	40.7	4.5	16.4	9.7	6.7	8.2	.6	--	.4	.7	.6	3.9	.7	2.5	20.4	17.6	
45 - 54	130.8	51.6	6.4	13.2	12.6	.6	7.3	.6	.4	--	2.0	1.1	1.4	.4	.5	23.9	22.6	
55 - 64	137.3	53.9	19.6	6.4	5.8	.6	8.7	1.1	--	--	--	.4	2.3	--	1.6	28.6	15.5	
65 and over	116.4	38.9	9.1	5.3	4.7	--	13.5	--	--	--	--	--	5.1	--	--	26.0	16.0	
Major occupational group:																		
Management occupations	42.1	20.8	--	--	--	--	--	2.3	--	--	--	--	1.7	1.2	--	9.0	5.8	
Business and financial operations occupations	12.4	3.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5.2	1.6	
Computer and mathematical occupations	1.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Architecture and engineering occupations	14.9	3.0	--	3.0	3.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	8.4	--	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	28.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Community and social service occupations	141.2	17.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	25.5	88.3	
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Education, training, and library occupations	102.1	28.3	--	--	--	--	12.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	13.0	34.5	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	37.2	10.7	10.4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	14.9	--	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	107.9	59.2	3.8	4.0	--	3.7	9.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	14.7	14.5	
Healthcare support occupations	232.6	138.4	7.2	12.2	--	11.0	12.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	41.6	19.2	
Protective service occupations	141.6	46.7	11.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	20.8	39.0	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	158.6	36.4	3.9	42.4	42.1	--	12.6	15.5	--	--	--	--	3.3	--	3.3	17.1	25.6	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	317.4	99.0	13.4	10.3	5.0	5.4	26.3	--	--	--	--	4.1	5.4	--	5.0	116.1	38.3	
Personal care and service occupations	106.3	39.5	8.1	5.7	5.6	--	3.5	--	--	5.7	--	--	2.2	--	--	19.7	25.3	
Sales and related occupations	62.7	23.1	17.1	1.7	1.3	--	4.1	--	--	--	--	--	1.6	--	--	7.5	7.1	
Office and administrative support occupations	69.2	35.3	4.1	2.0	1.8	--	7.1	--	--	--	2.2	--	2.8	--	2.5	9.3	6.2	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	281.6	84.1	10.6	19.0	14.2	4.9	30.2	--	--	25.7	--	--	11.6	--	5.1	57.8	40.3	
Construction and extraction occupations	224.2	62.4	25.6	38.8	30.7	8.0	3.3	--	--	--	--	--	5.8	2.0	1.5	48.3	38.3	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	246.7	66.5	17.2	44.2	17.8	26.4	15.4	1.8	--	--	--	--	2.5	--	--	53.1	44.2	
Production occupations	185.3	64.3	11.2	23.9	23.0	--	9.8	1.9	3.7	2.4	1.2	--	3.6	--	2.8	28.3	34.6	
Transportation and material moving occupations	290.2	139.1	13.7	17.0	13.8	3.2	20.8	--	--	--	.8	2.7	5.7	2.0	2.7	54.3	34.9	

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 17. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected sources of injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry	Source of injury or illness ³												
		Chemicals and chemical products	Containers	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery	Parts and materials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walkways, or ground surfaces	Handtools	Vehicles	All other sources
Total	129.2	1.0	17.7	5.0	6.5	13.2	7.9	5.9	21.5	21.1	17.1	9.0	9.5	16.8
Gender:														
Male	131.6	1.1	20.0	4.6	8.1	19.9	2.4	1.6	20.1	19.9	12.2	10.7	10.8	18.0
Female	125.5	.8	14.2	5.6	4.0	2.8	16.2	12.5	23.5	22.9	24.6	6.4	7.4	15.0
Age:														
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	221.1	5.3	17.9	--	25.7	9.5	20.7	7.7	48.4	48.4	22.6	13.9	18.5	33.6
20 - 24	162.3	1.8	20.5	6.5	6.7	22.9	11.6	8.9	16.5	14.9	10.7	11.4	14.9	32.4
25 - 34	118.9	1.4	15.8	4.0	5.4	11.0	8.0	5.2	18.7	18.3	15.3	10.7	9.9	15.8
35 - 44	114.0	.5	16.8	5.3	4.6	15.4	7.0	5.8	17.3	17.2	11.0	9.0	8.4	14.1
45 - 54	130.8	.8	16.9	6.9	5.5	11.8	6.7	5.3	27.9	27.5	16.6	11.1	8.4	16.2
55 - 64	137.3	.5	21.9	4.3	9.5	11.7	8.4	7.1	23.6	23.3	27.4	3.4	7.5	12.7
65 and over	116.4	--	13.7	3.1	8.3	8.9	2.3	2.3	13.2	12.5	36.0	2.9	10.2	14.0
Major occupational group:														
Management occupations	42.1	--	10.4	11.7	--	--	2.4	1.3	2.6	2.6	4.9	--	1.9	6.1
Business and financial operations occupations	12.4	--	1.3	--	--	--	--	--	2.6	2.6	5.6	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	1.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	14.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.7	3.7	5.9	3.3	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	28.0	--	--	--	17.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	141.2	--	--	--	--	--	25.0	15.9	8.6	8.6	8.7	--	8.4	8.8
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	102.1	--	--	--	--	--	50.7	--	16.3	16.3	25.7	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	37.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	27.1	27.1	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	107.9	--	4.2	4.9	2.7	--	36.6	36.6	17.6	17.4	20.2	--	4.7	15.5
Healthcare support occupations	232.6	--	9.1	15.5	--	2.7	119.5	112.9	17.5	14.5	20.4	--	7.8	37.4
Protective service occupations	141.6	--	--	--	--	--	32.4	--	13.1	13.1	22.4	--	23.0	34.9
Food preparation and serving related occupations	158.6	1.5	26.2	4.8	14.0	--	--	--	31.1	30.3	26.3	26.4	3.7	23.2
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	317.4	--	55.8	14.6	41.1	11.3	--	--	62.8	62.8	34.9	18.0	18.9	46.3
Personal care and service occupations	106.3	--	4.5	--	--	--	--	37.2	17.3	17.3	9.1	5.6	2.7	27.0
Sales and related occupations	62.7	--	10.4	3.8	1.0	5.1	.6	--	9.8	9.2	19.1	.7	5.3	5.8
Office and administrative support occupations	69.2	--	19.9	6.6	1.3	1.6	--	--	11.6	11.1	14.9	1.2	5.7	5.7
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	281.6	4.9	26.2	--	9.7	35.5	--	--	45.5	45.0	38.2	21.6	12.9	34.5
Construction and extraction occupations	224.2	--	7.9	1.6	4.5	63.4	1.6	--	36.7	36.7	11.0	43.9	9.3	39.1
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	246.7	--	9.0	6.3	14.6	68.4	--	--	41.9	41.8	20.2	17.1	19.0	36.8
Production occupations	185.3	5.4	17.2	5.6	23.9	28.6	--	--	38.1	37.1	14.4	19.3	5.2	26.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	290.2	1.2	75.2	8.1	10.9	25.8	2.4	1.0	45.6	45.1	37.2	7.0	50.2	25.7

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Table 18. Incidence rates ¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, private industry, Washington, 2018

Characteristic	Private industry	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness ³																			
		Contact with objects				Falls, slips, trips				Overexertion				Transportation accidents		Fires and explosions	Violence and other injuries by persons or animal				All other events
		Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed	Total	Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall	Total	In lifting	Repetitive motion involving microtasks	Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Total	Roadway accidents		Total	Intentional injury by other person	Injury by person—unintentional or intent unknown	Animal and insect related incidents	
Total	129.2	34.0	20.2	6.7	3.5	33.2	8.6	15.9	7.6	48.1	12.7	3.4	4.5	4.1	2.6	.2	3.9	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.2
Gender:																					
Male	131.6	41.8	24.5	7.5	4.5	28.3	8.7	11.6	6.6	50.2	14.8	2.2	3.9	4.1	2.3	.3	1.7	.8	.5	.5	1.2
Female	125.5	22.3	13.7	5.5	2.1	40.6	8.5	22.4	9.3	45.0	9.6	5.2	5.4	4.1	3.0	--	7.1	2.8	2.4	1.9	1.0
Age:																					
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	221.1	68.7	33.2	25.3	7.7	58.9	8.2	17.3	33.4	45.9	18.5	--	21.8	9.3	--	--	16.4	3.7	12.1	--	--
20 - 24	162.3	67.2	45.1	10.2	7.2	28.8	7.1	11.5	7.0	45.4	16.4	.9	8.8	5.4	3.8	1.7	4.3	1.2	1.2	1.9	--
25 - 34	118.9	27.8	16.6	4.6	4.8	27.3	8.3	11.9	4.9	48.0	13.8	2.6	4.8	5.3	3.9	--	4.5	2.5	1.3	.7	1.1
35 - 44	114.0	37.3	21.7	7.1	1.8	24.1	8.1	9.6	6.0	41.2	11.2	3.3	1.9	4.4	3.2	--	4.0	1.2	.7	2.1	.8
45 - 54	130.8	27.9	17.9	4.8	2.8	38.2	8.7	17.0	12.2	52.9	14.2	5.0	4.9	2.9	1.2	--	2.5	1.0	1.1	.4	1.6
55 - 64	137.3	27.0	12.2	9.1	3.2	44.5	10.9	27.1	5.9	56.8	9.6	4.9	2.3	2.3	.9	--	2.6	1.6	.9	--	1.7
65 and over	116.4	26.7	19.7	--	--	46.2	7.6	34.6	3.8	33.7	8.9	--	2.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Major occupational group:																					
Management occupations	42.1	1.8	1.3	--	--	18.1	13.4	3.9	--	11.1	3.8	1.3	3.9	1.9	1.9	--	4.4	1.8	--	--	--
Business and financial operations occupations	12.4	1.4	--	--	--	6.5	1.1	4.8	--	3.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	1.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	14.9	3.0	3.0	--	--	5.9	--	5.9	--	6.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	28.0	17.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	141.2	8.6	--	--	--	90.3	84.2	--	--	9.0	--	--	--	8.4	--	--	16.2	14.2	--	--	--
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	102.1	--	--	--	--	30.1	--	27.6	--	23.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	42.8	--	35.3	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	37.2	--	--	--	--	26.6	--	--	24.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	107.9	4.6	2.9	--	--	25.6	--	20.0	4.5	59.6	11.1	8.4	1.8	3.3	3.3	--	12.3	4.4	4.6	3.4	--
Healthcare support occupations	232.6	23.4	9.5	6.4	--	31.9	--	23.4	8.3	146.4	23.4	--	--	--	--	--	26.4	10.5	5.1	10.8	--
Protective service occupations	141.6	26.3	--	--	--	40.1	16.9	16.7	--	14.0	--	--	--	18.5	13.5	--	31.1	13.0	18.2	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations	158.6	59.1	43.6	13.7	1.7	45.6	1.8	24.9	18.9	31.8	11.0	5.2	20.2	1.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	317.4	83.4	25.6	48.9	3.1	78.6	10.0	40.4	22.5	135.4	41.7	10.7	4.5	13.1	11.2	--	--	--	--	--	--
Personal care and service occupations	106.3	14.4	10.7	3.7	--	15.5	4.2	5.6	5.7	37.9	6.2	--	19.6	--	--	--	16.1	12.1	3.5	--	--
Sales and related occupations	62.7	13.1	9.5	2.2	1.2	21.7	1.4	19.5	.8	24.6	8.4	1.5	--	1.7	--	--	.9	.6	--	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations	69.2	15.3	6.6	5.1	2.8	17.1	7.2	8.9	.9	32.2	12.4	4.0	.8	2.2	1.3	--	--	--	--	--	1.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	281.6	88.8	64.3	5.9	11.4	112.9	55.0	33.3	20.7	54.6	10.4	5.7	6.0	7.6	4.8	--	5.6	--	--	5.3	6.1
Construction and extraction occupations	224.2	94.5	74.2	7.2	4.0	44.1	13.7	12.3	14.6	75.9	13.0	--	--	6.4	6.0	--	1.7	1.6	--	--	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	246.7	100.8	46.2	12.0	9.6	53.7	21.0	--	13.3	74.6	19.2	7.0	7.2	4.1	2.9	--	3.9	--	--	3.8	--
Production occupations	185.3	60.1	28.5	14.1	13.9	30.8	3.1	18.1	8.2	80.1	19.8	9.6	9.7	--	--	2.1	--	--	--	--	1.1
Transportation and material moving occupations	290.2	59.0	33.5	11.8	8.1	72.7	15.5	35.2	19.0	130.9	38.7	2.9	3.4	18.1	7.9	--	2.2	--	1.3	--	4.0

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

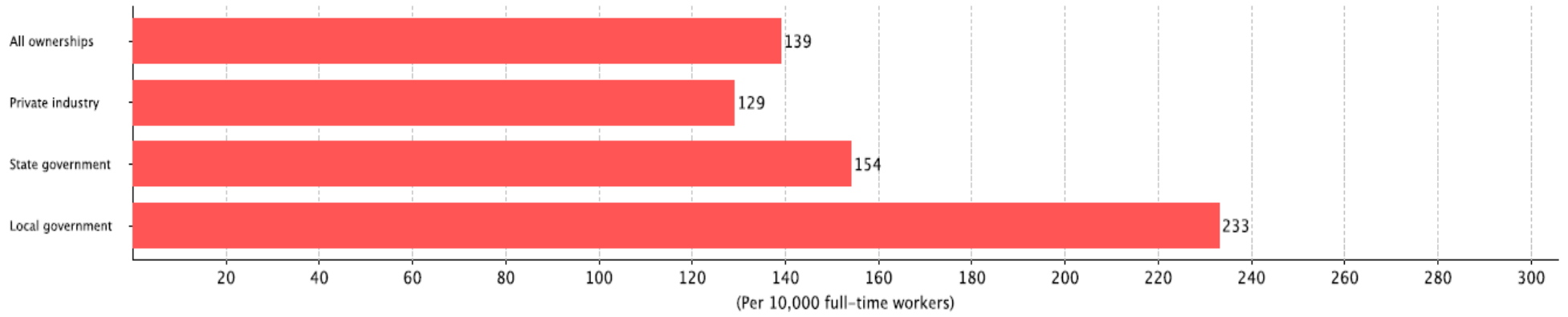
² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

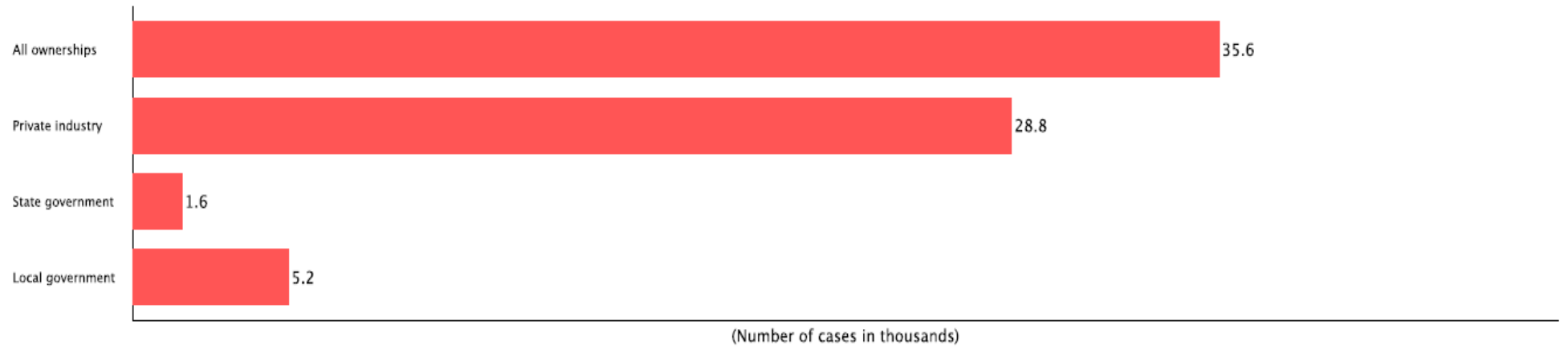
NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 13, 2019

Rate of injuries and illnesses with days away from work, by ownership, Washington, 2018

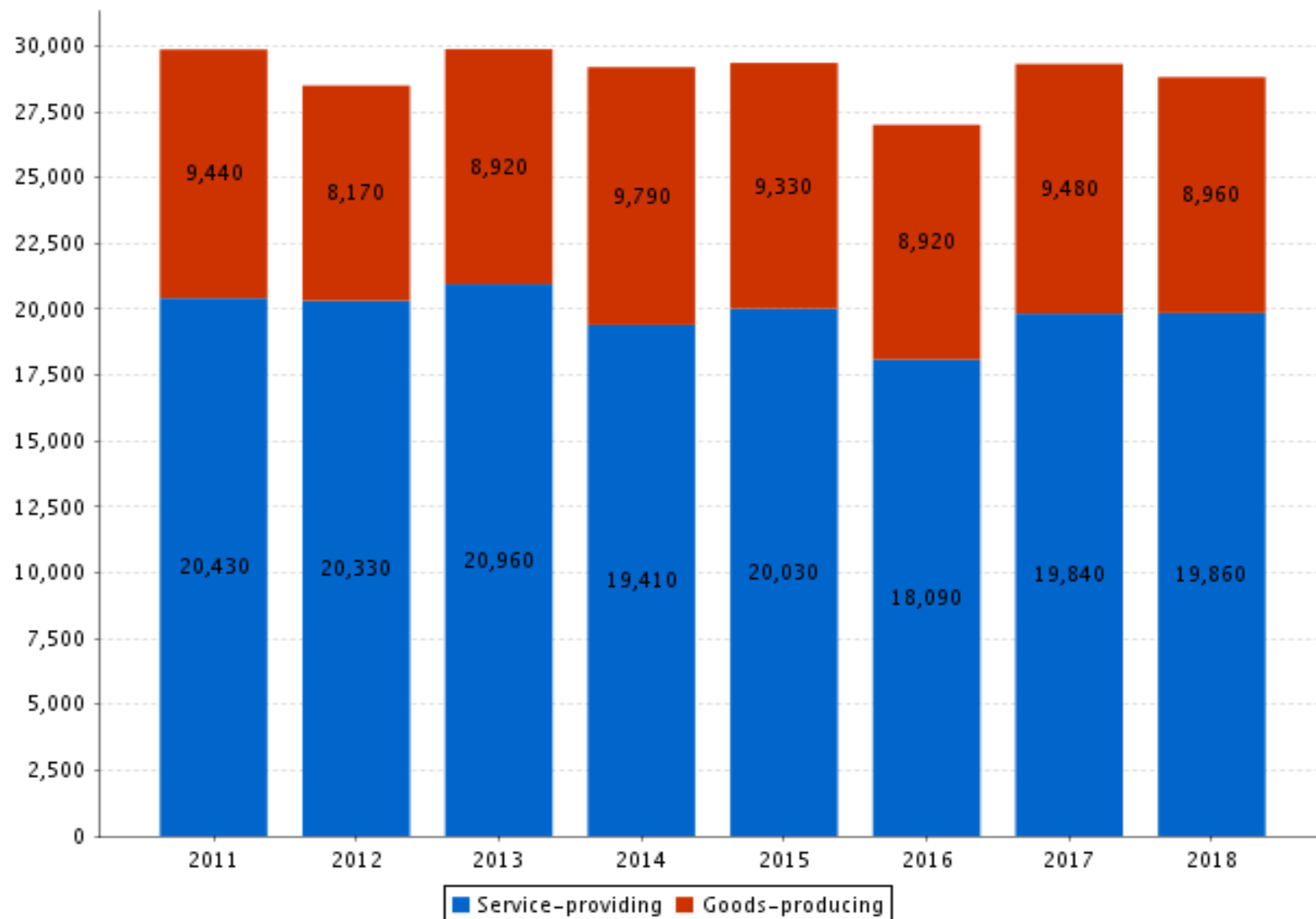


Number of injuries and illnesses with days away from work, by ownership, Washington, 2018

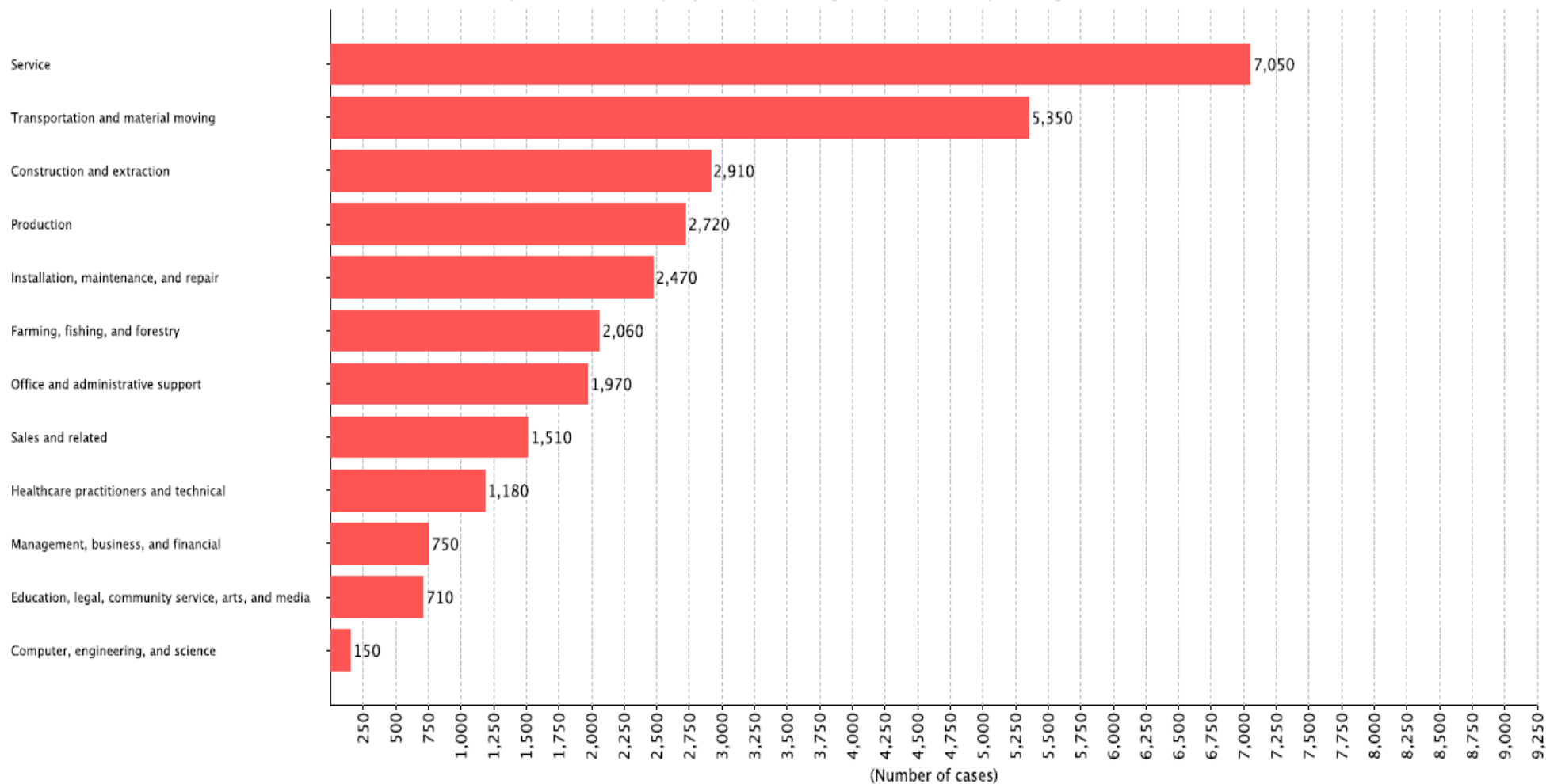


[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]

Number of injuries and illnesses with days away from work, private industry, Washington, 2011-2018
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]

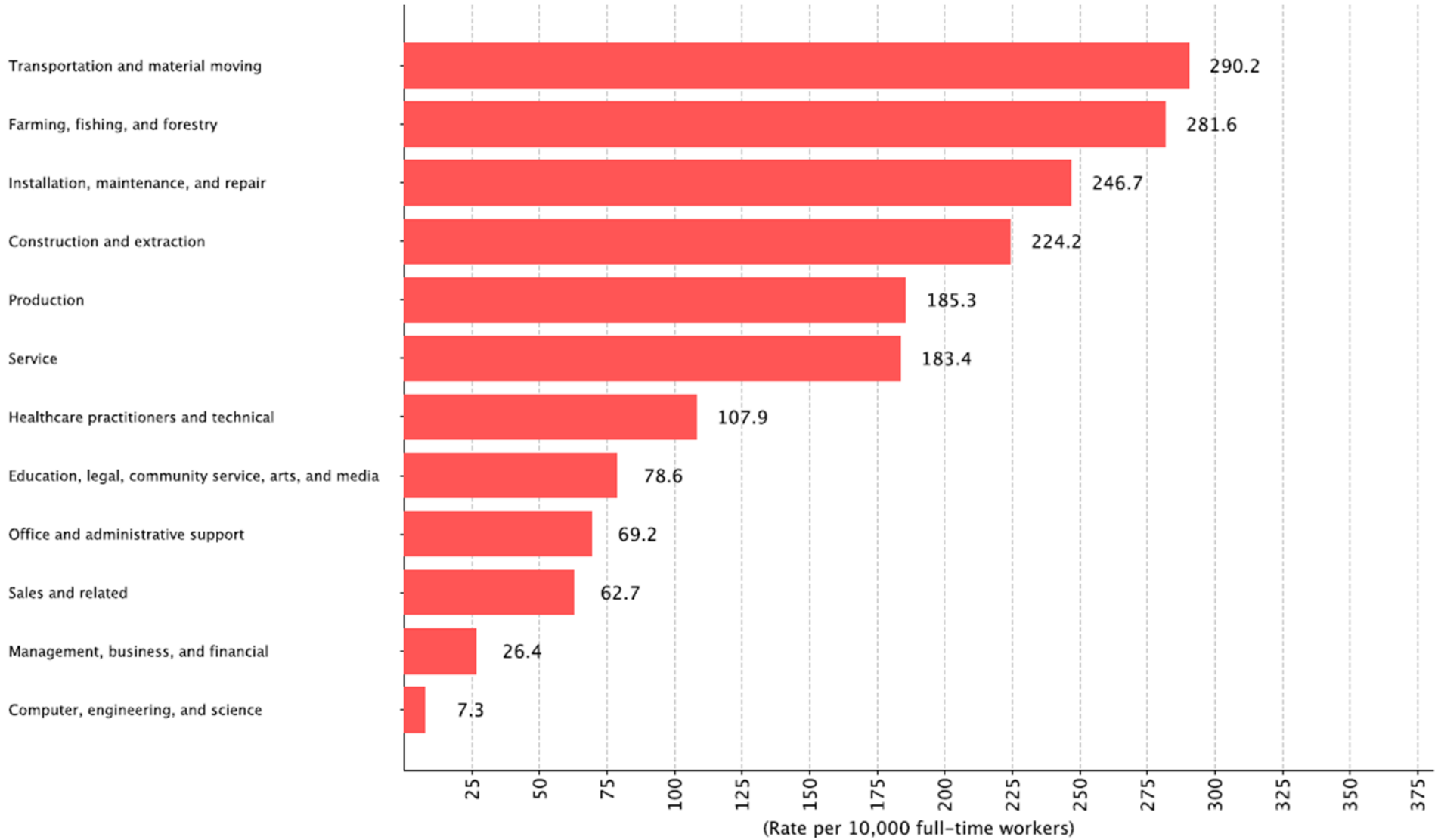


Number of injuries and illnesses by major occupation categories, private industry, Washington, 2018



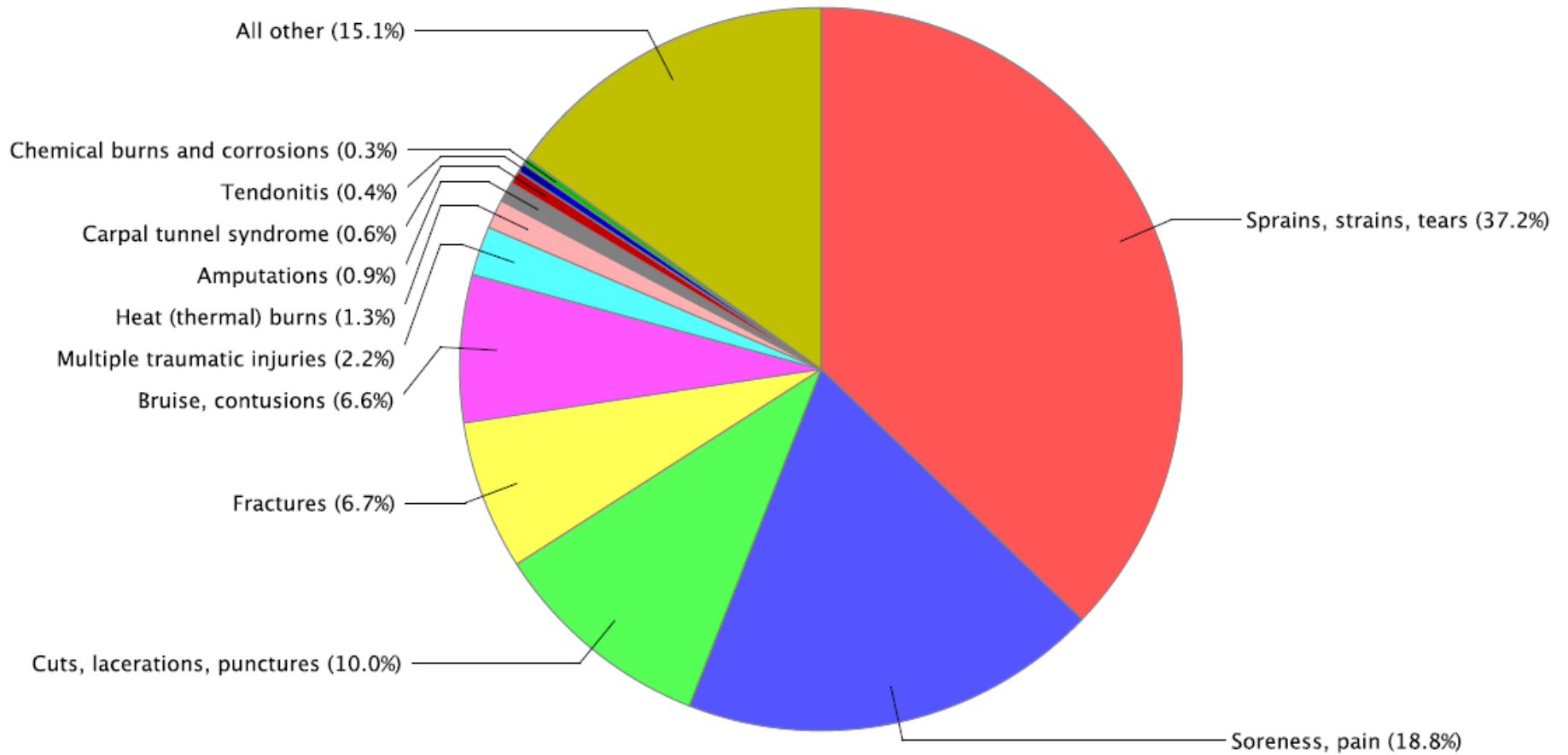
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]

Incidence rates of injuries and illnesses by major occupation categories, private industry, Washington, 2018



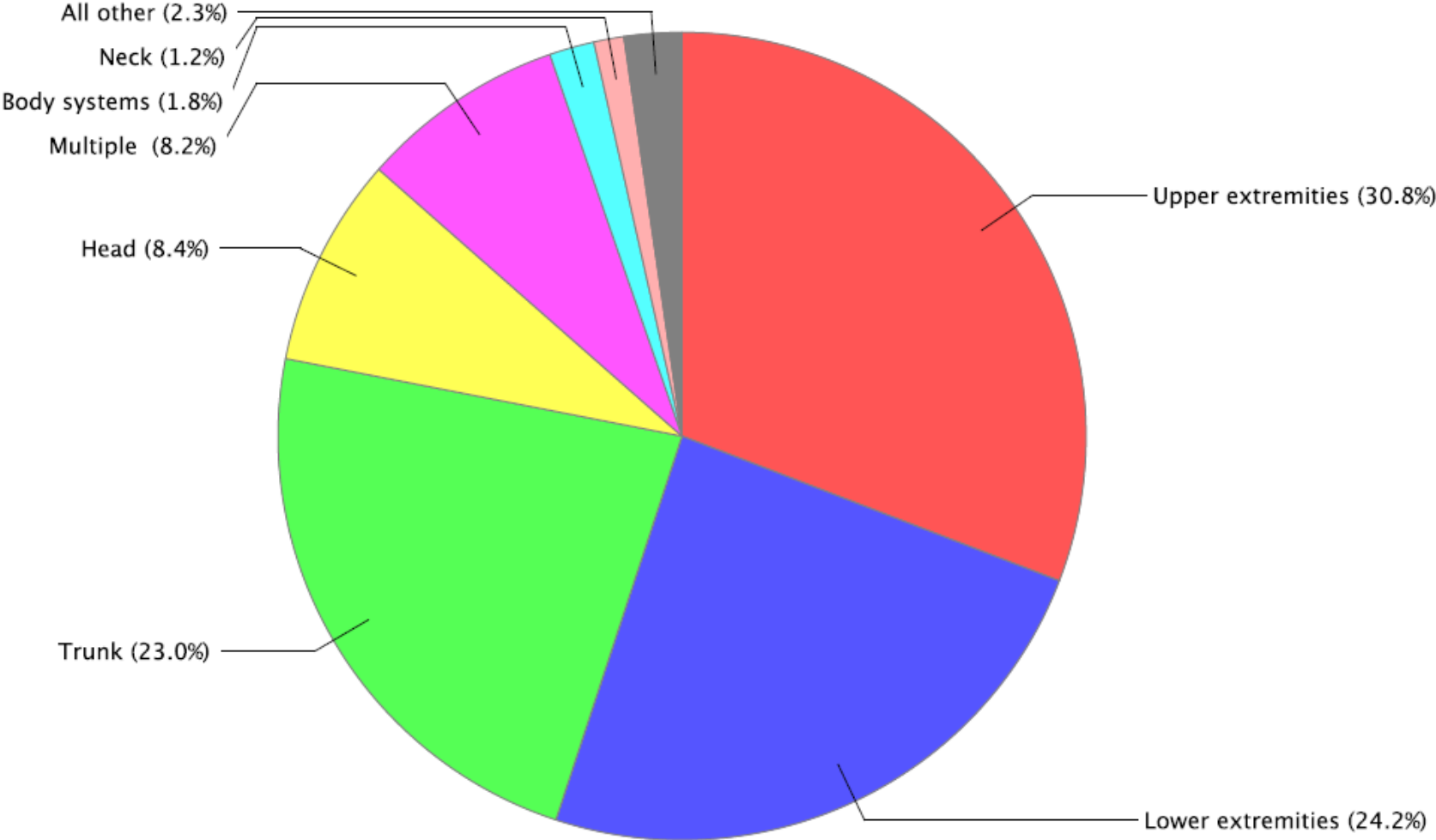
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]

Distribution of injuries and illnesses by nature, private industry, Washington, 2018
[Total Cases = 28,830]



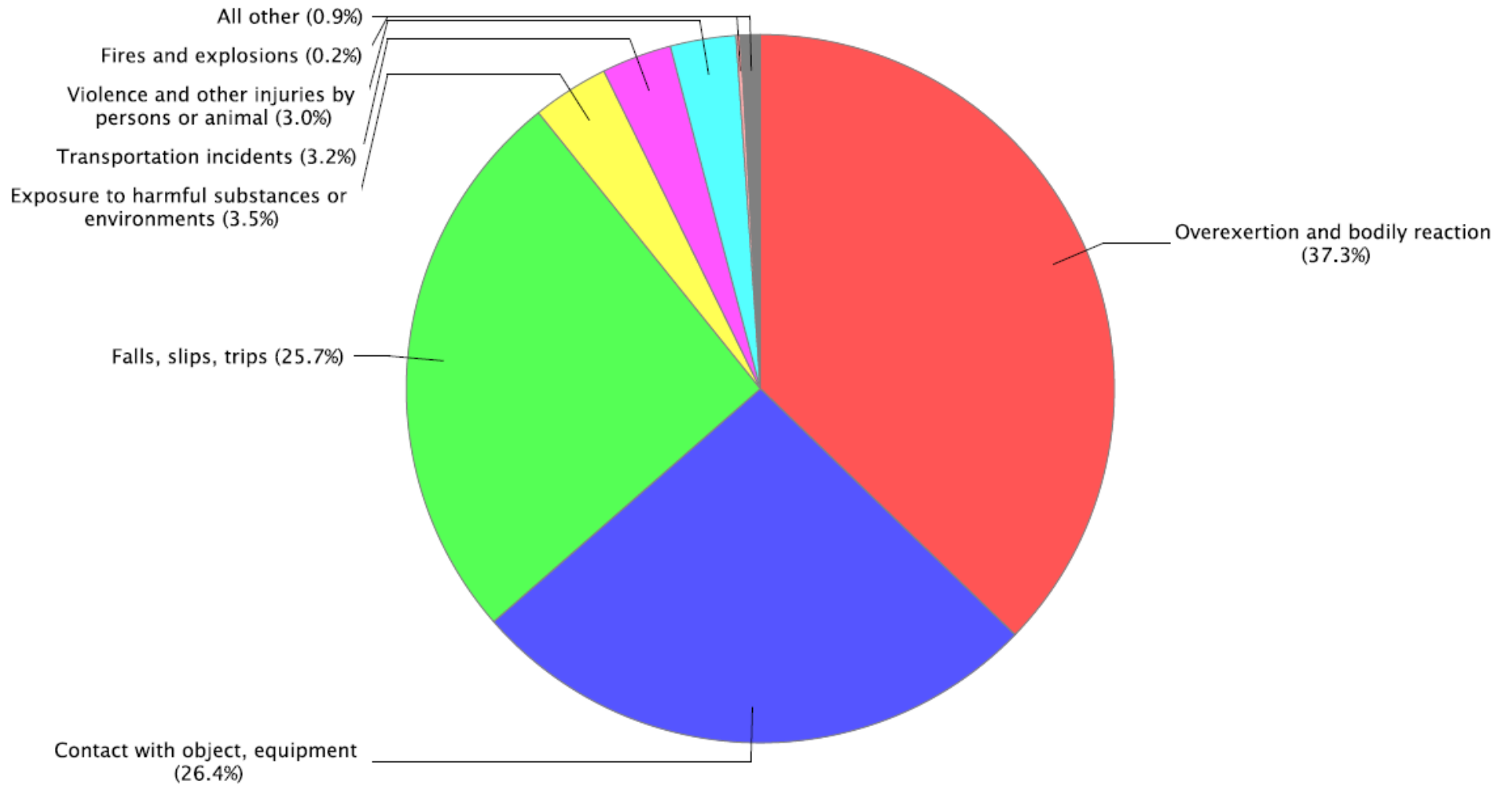
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]

Distribution of injuries and illnesses by part of body, private industry, Washington, 2018
[Total Cases = 28,830]



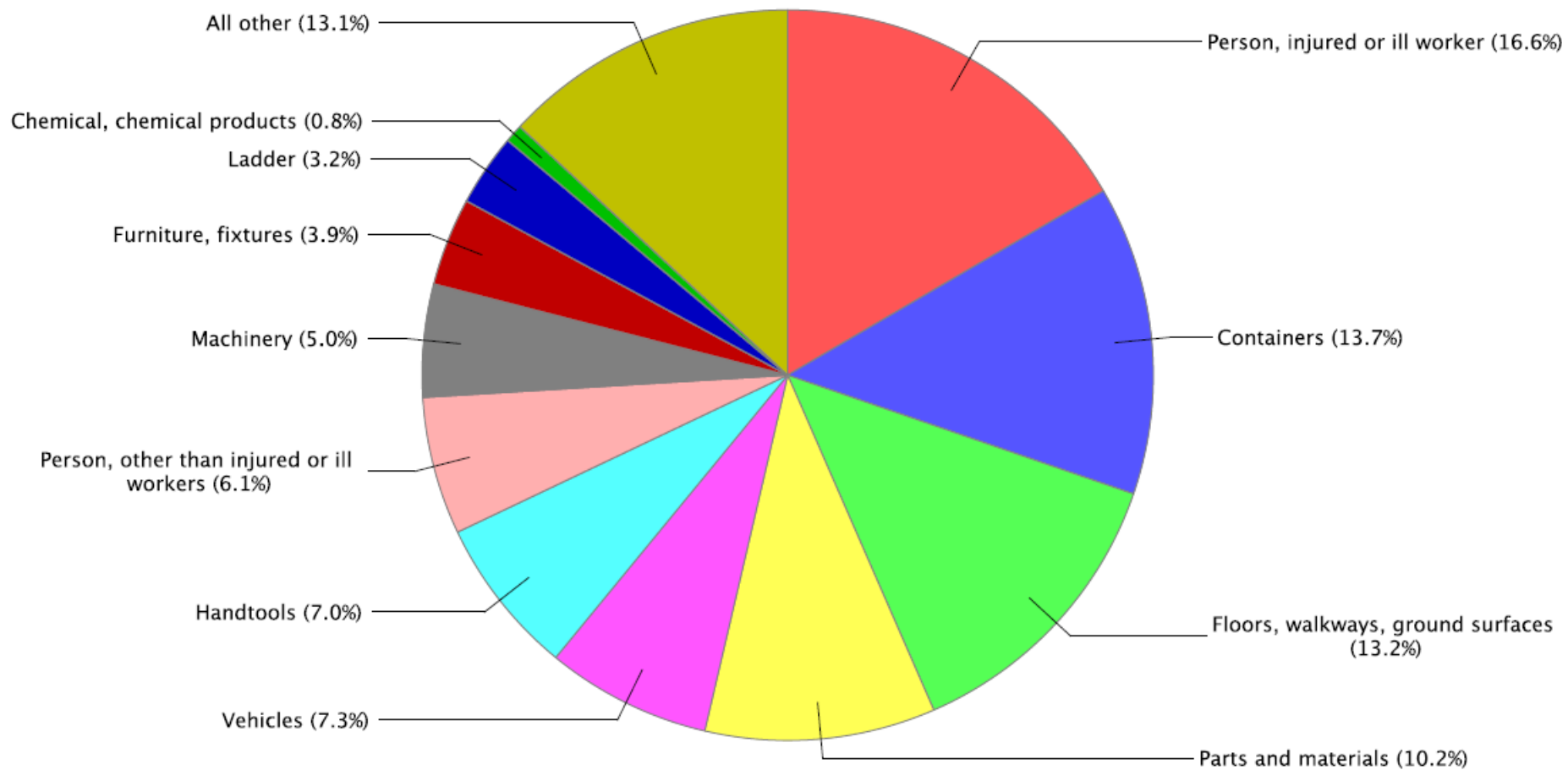
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]

Distribution of injuries and illnesses by event or exposure, private industry, Washington, 2018
[Total Cases = 28,830]



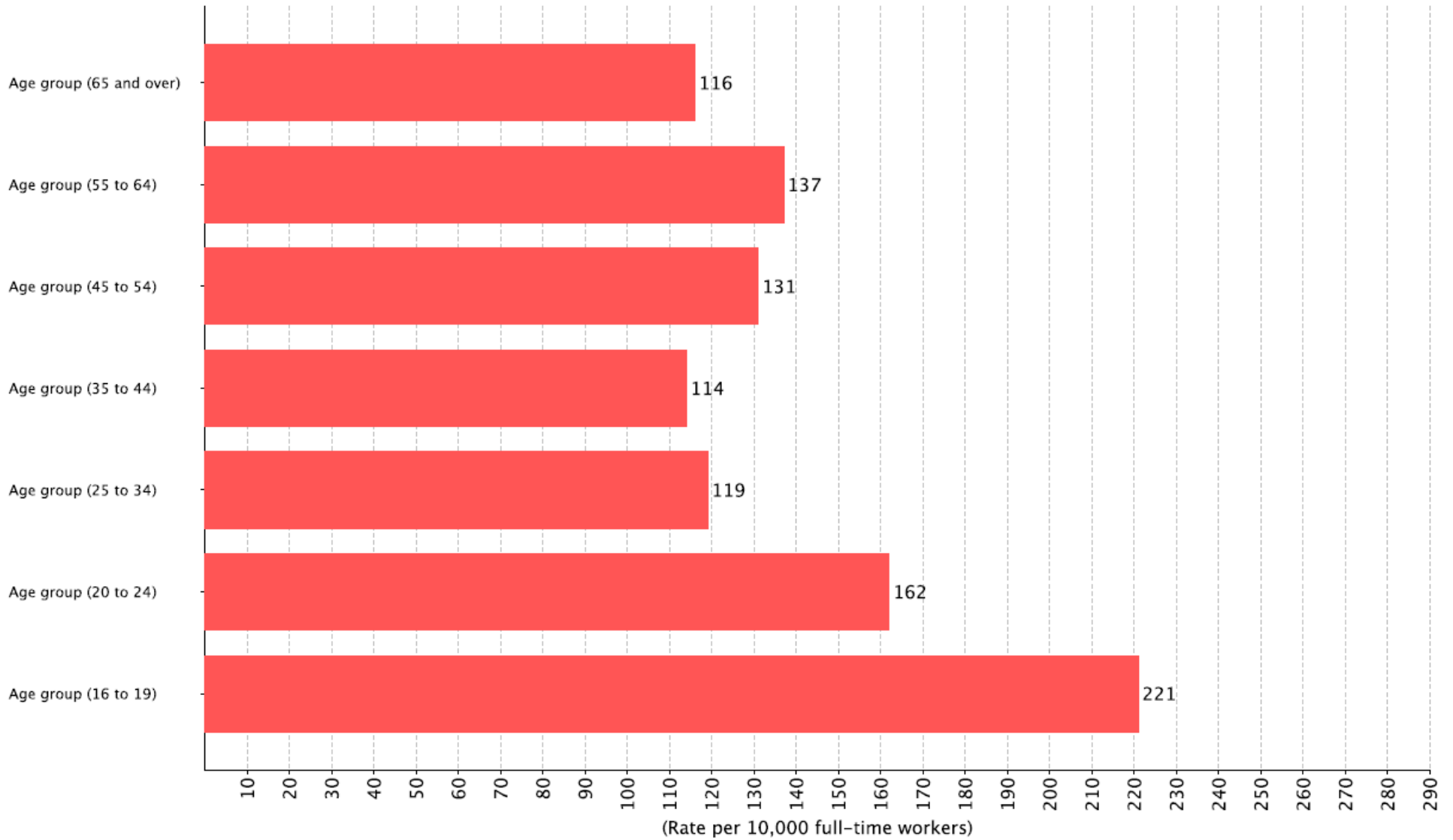
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]

Distribution of injuries and illnesses by source, private industry, Washington, 2018
[Total Cases = 28,830]



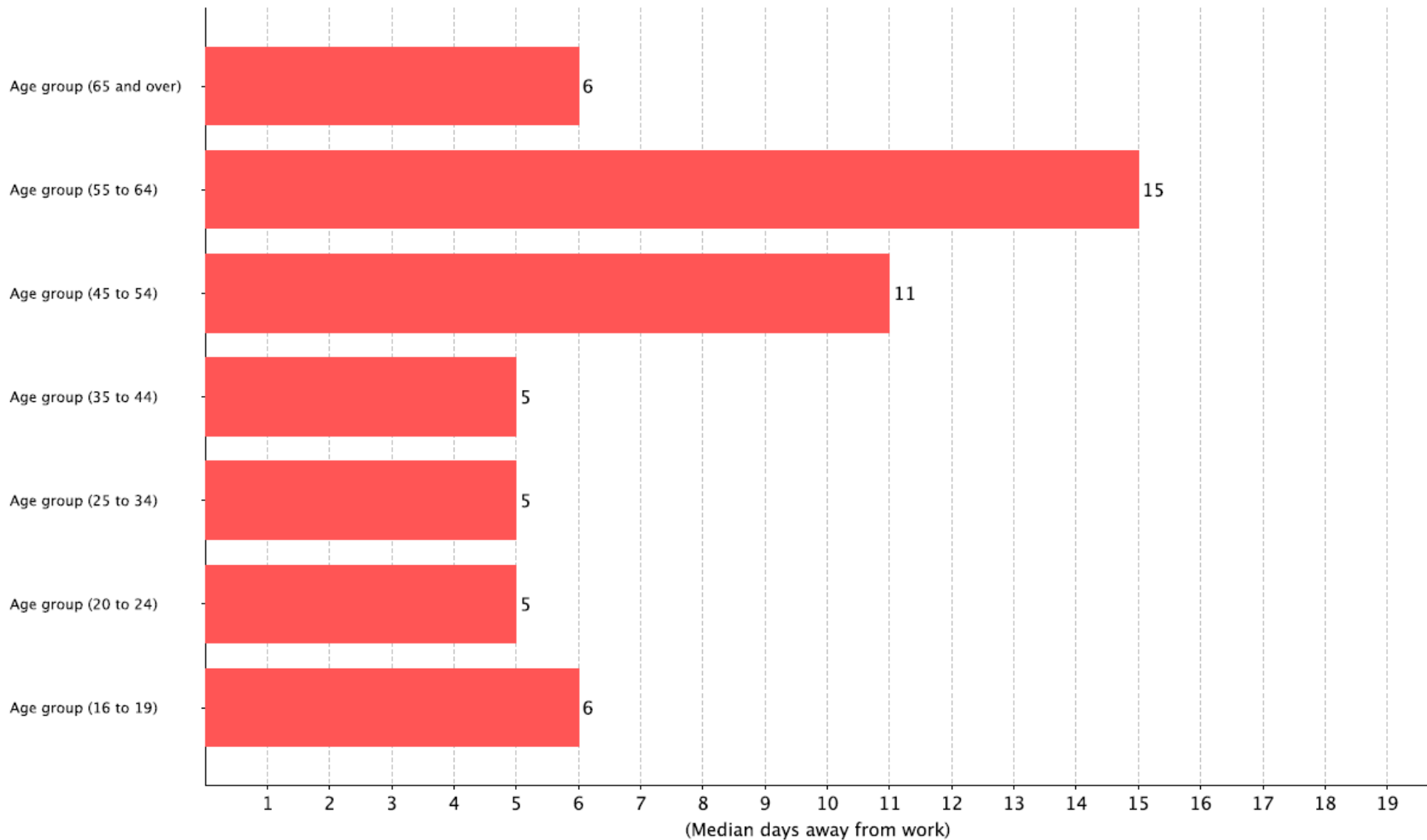
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]

Incidence rate by age of worker, private industry, Washington, 2018



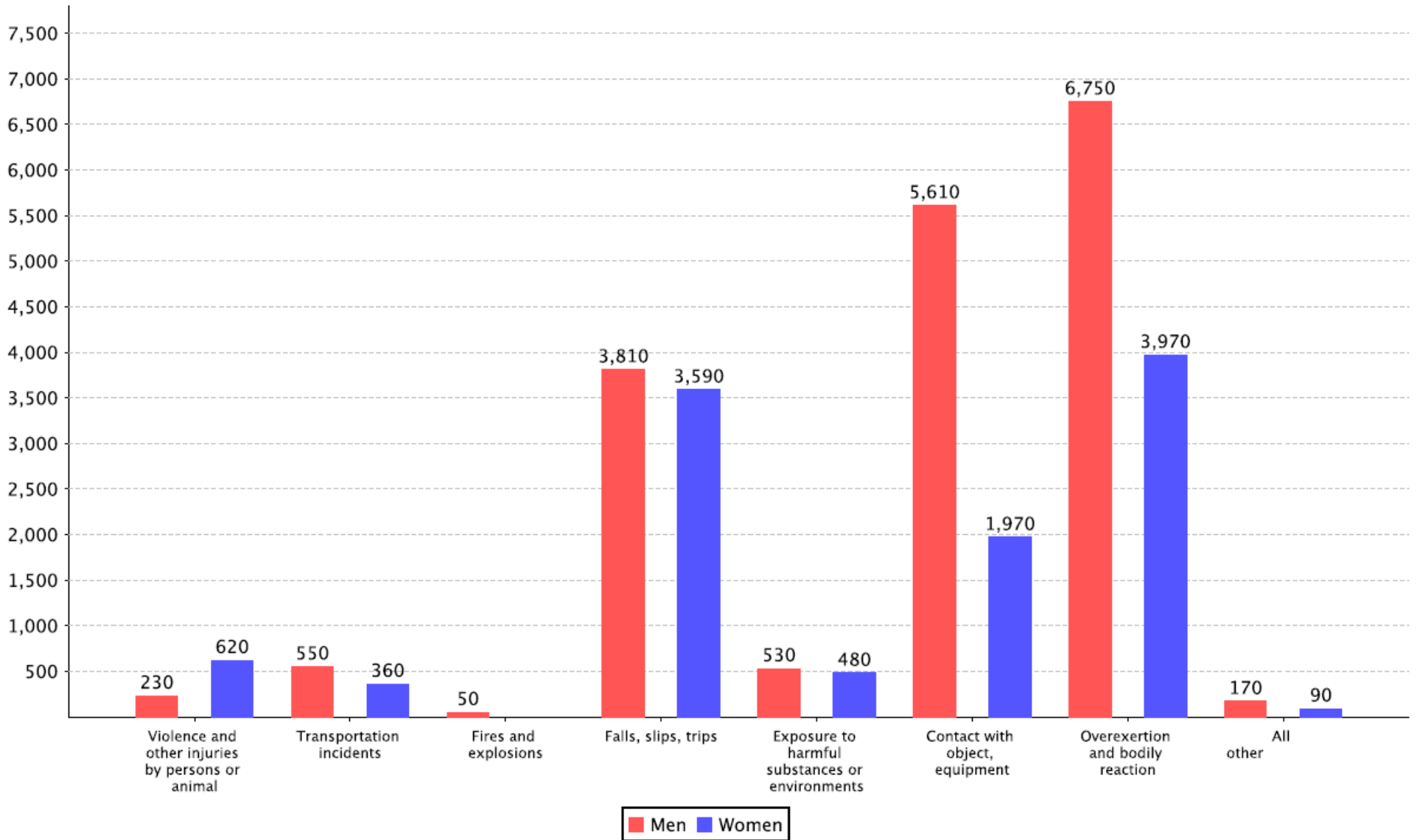
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]

Median days away from work due to injuries and illnesses , private industry, Washington, 2018

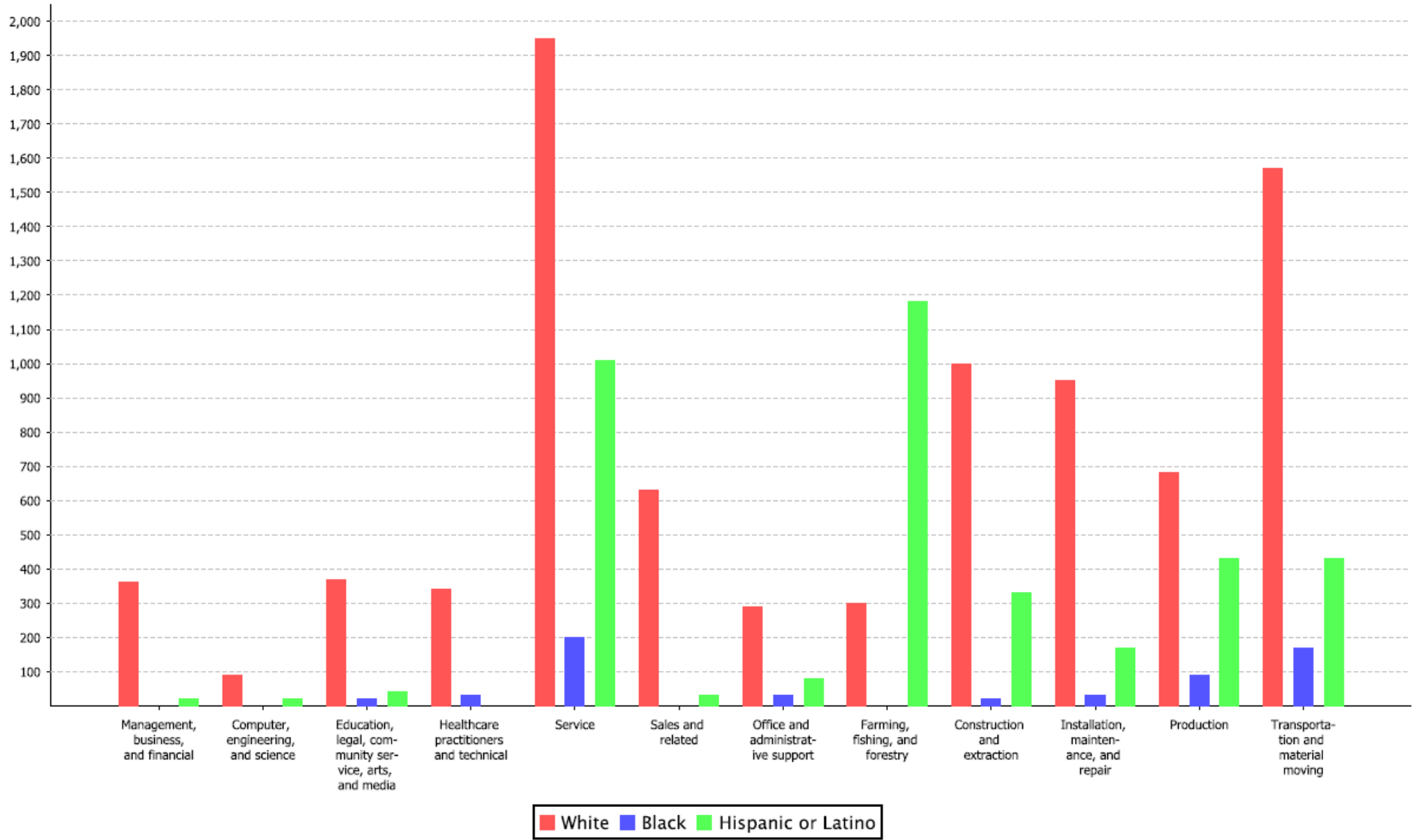


[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]

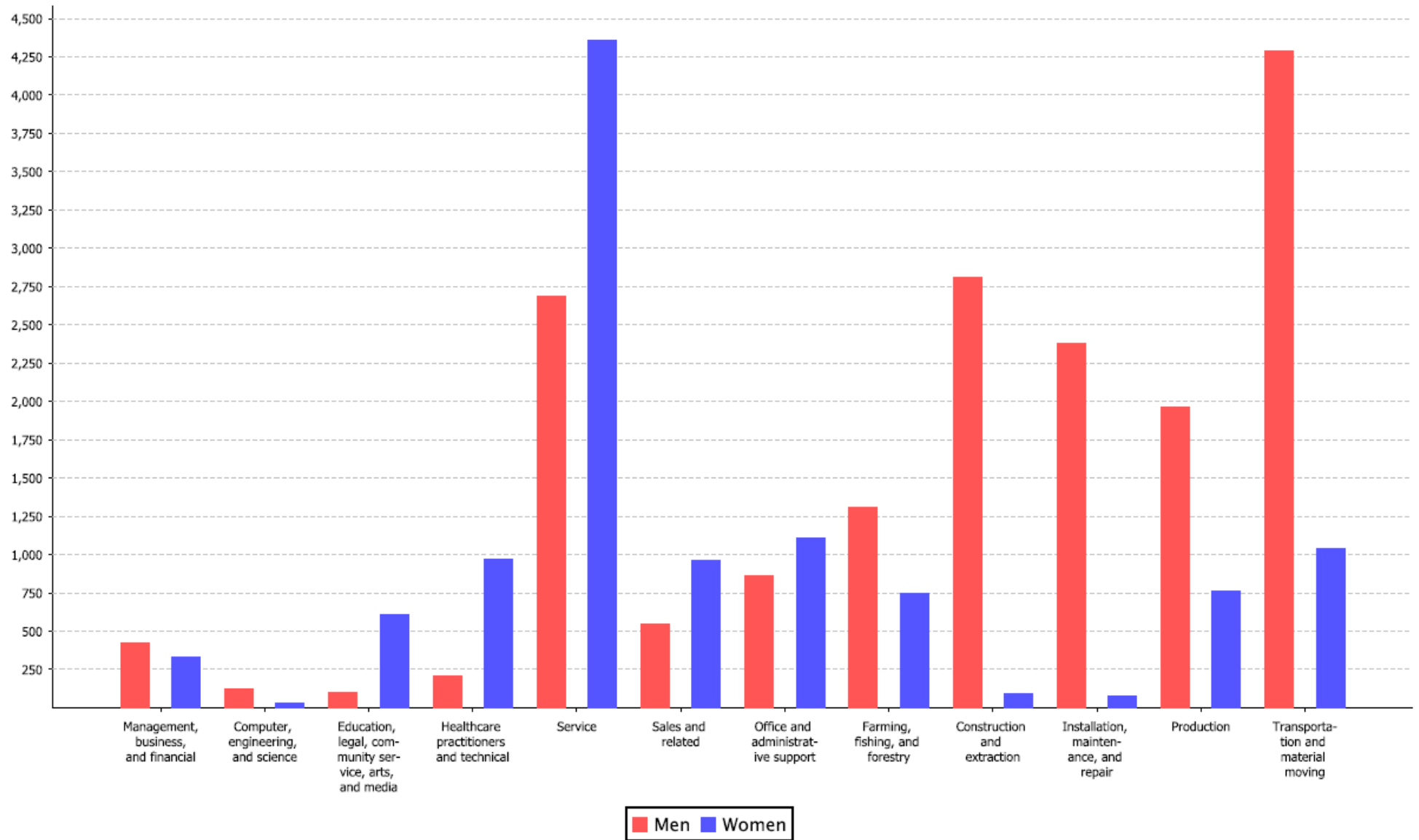
Number of injuries and illnesses by event or exposure and gender, private industry, Washington, 2018
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]



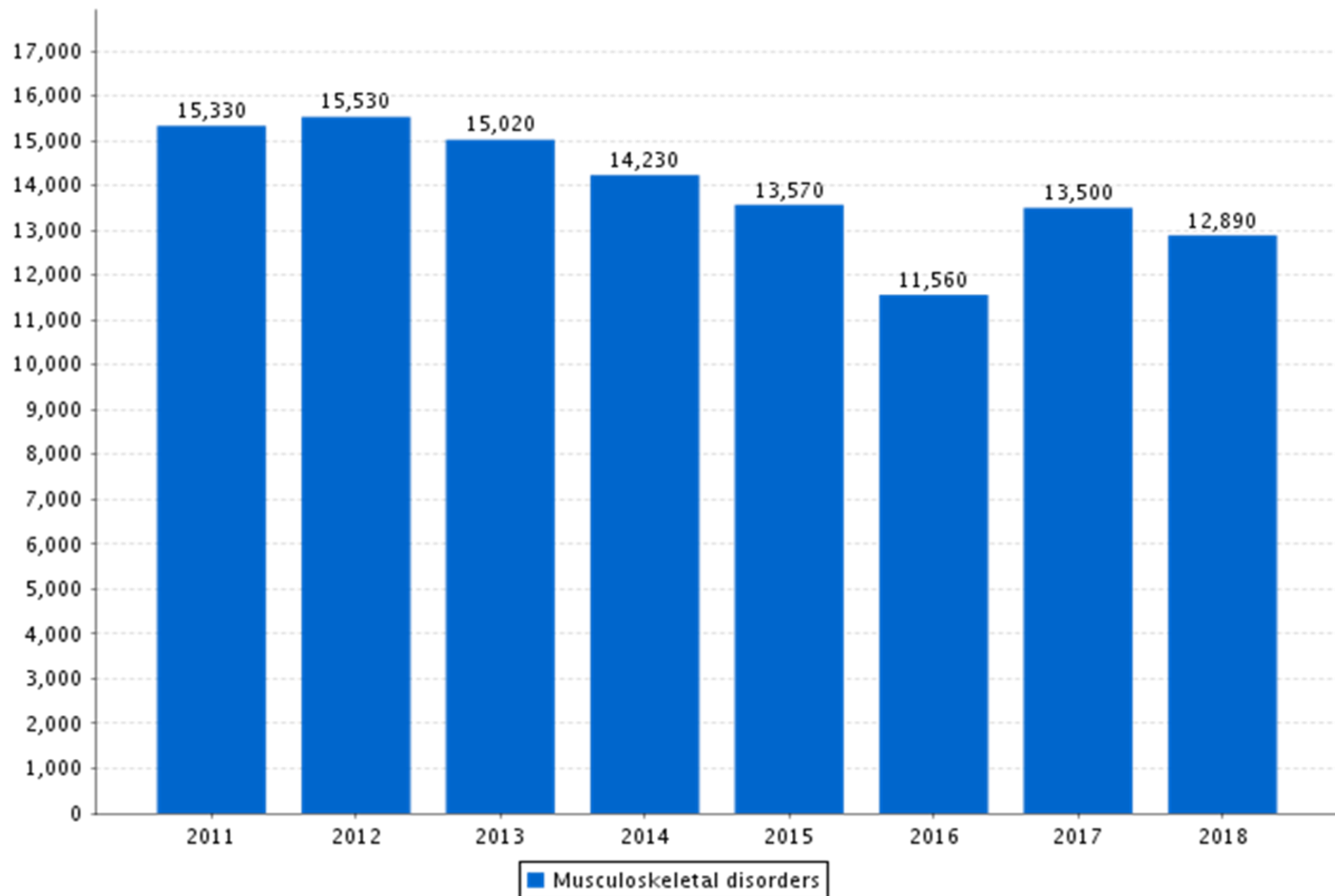
Number of injuries and illnesses to White, Black, and Hispanic or Latino workers, private industry, Washington, 2018
 [SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]



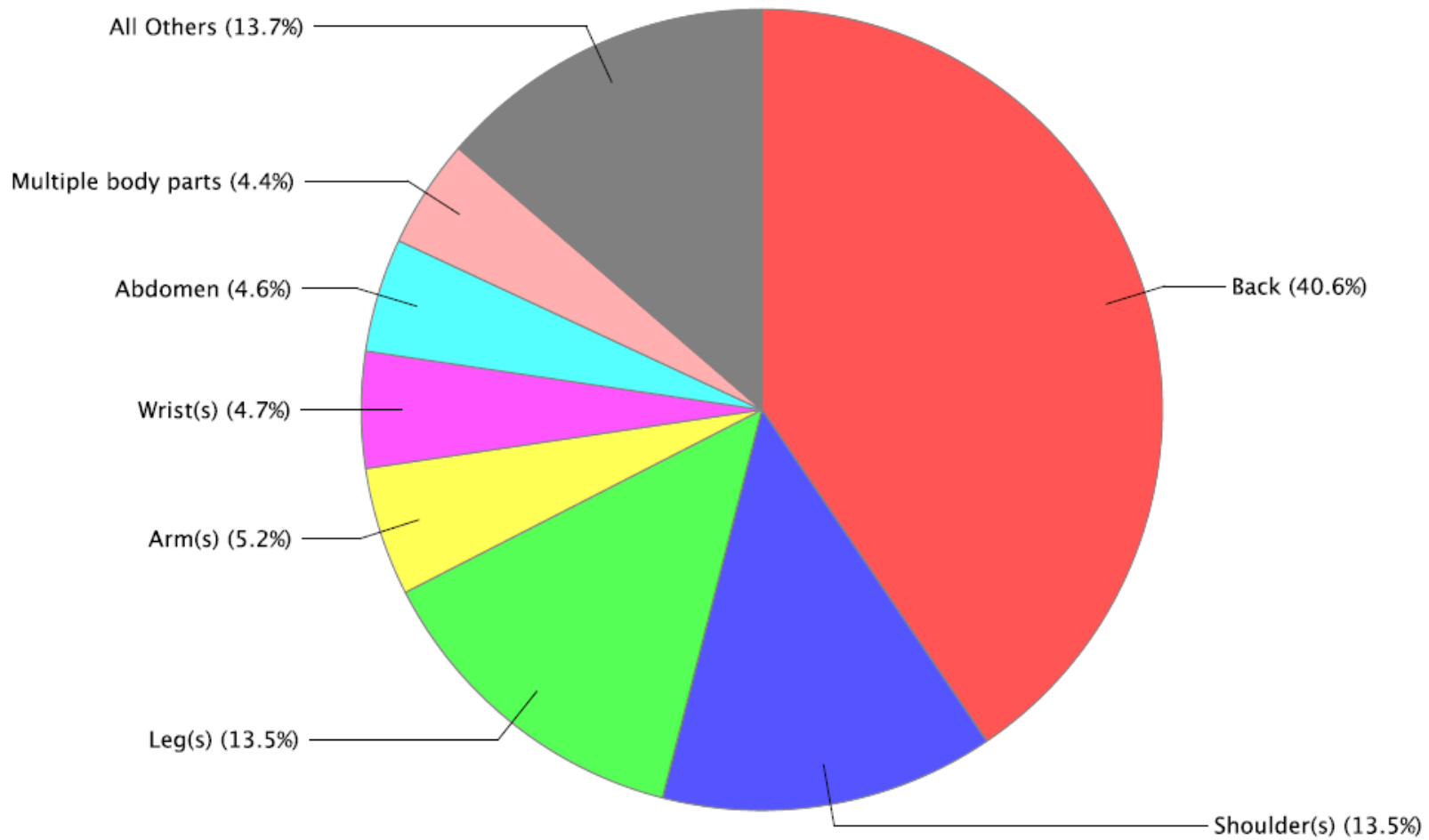
Number of injuries and illnesses by major occupation and gender, private industry, Washington, 2018
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]



Number of musculoskeletal disorders with days away from work, Washington, 2011-2018
[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]



Distribution of musculoskeletal disorders by selected parts of body, private industry, Washington, 2018
[Total Cases = 10,470]



[SOURCE : U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, 2019]