



Payment Policies for Healthcare Services Provided to Injured Workers and Crime Victims

Chapter 7: Chiropractic Services

Effective October 1, 2020



Link: Look for possible **updates and corrections** to these payment policies at:

<https://lni.wa.gov/patient-care/billing-payments/fee-schedules-and-payment-policies/policy-2020>



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Definitions

- ▶ **Body regions:** One of the factors contributing to clinical decision-making complexity for chiropractic care visits. (See definition of **clinical decision-making complexity**, below.)
Body regions include:
 - Cervical (includes atlanto-occipital joint),
 - Thoracic (includes costovertebral and costotransverse joints),
 - Lumbar
 - Sacral
 - Pelvic (includes sacroiliac joint),
 - Extra-spinal (considered one region), which includes
 - Head (includes temporomandibular joint; doesn't include atlanto-occipital), *and*
 - Upper and lower extremities, *and*
 - Rib cage (doesn't include costotransverse and costovertebral joints).

- ▶ **Chiropractic care visits:** Office or other outpatient visits involving subjective and objective assessment of patient status, management, and treatment.

- ▶ **Clinical decision-making complexity:** The primary component influencing the level of care for a chiropractic care visit. Clinical complexity is similar to established patient evaluation and management services, but emphasizes factors typically addressed with treating workers. Factors that contribute to clinical decision-making complexity for injured workers include:
 - The current occupational condition(s),
 - Employment and workplace factors,
 - Non-occupational conditions that may complicate care of occupational condition,
 - Care planning and patient management,
 - Chiropractic intervention(s) provided,
 - Number of body regions manipulated (see definition of **body regions**, above),
 - Response to care.

The number of body regions being adjusted is only one of the factors that may contribute to visit complexity.

L&I defines clinical decision-making complexity according to the definitions for medical decision-making complexity in the Evaluation and Management Services Guidelines section of the CPT® book.

- ▶ **Complementary and preparatory services:** Interventions used to prepare a body region for or facilitate a response to a chiropractic manipulation/adjustment. For example, the application of heat or cold is considered a complementary and preparatory service.

- ▶ **CPT® code modifiers mentioned in this chapter:**

-22 Increased Procedural Services

Procedures with this modifier will be individually reviewed prior to payment. A report is required for this review and it must include justification for the use of the modifier explaining increased complexity required for proper treatment. Payment varies based on the report submitted.

-25 Significant, separately identifiable evaluation and management (E/M) service by the same physician on the day of a procedure

Payment is made at 100% of the fee schedule level or billed charge, whichever is less.

- ▶ **Established patient:** One who has received professional services from the physician, or another physician of the same specialty who belongs to the same group practice, within the past three years.

L&I uses the CPT® definition for established patients. Refer to a CPT® book for complete code descriptions, definitions, and guidelines.

- ▶ **New patient:** One who hasn't received any professional services from the physician, or another physician of the same specialty who belongs to the same group practice, within the past three years.

L&I uses the CPT® definitions for new patients. Refer to a CPT® book for complete code descriptions, definitions, and guidelines.



Payment policy: Chiropractic care visits

(See definition of **chiropractic care visits** in Definitions at the beginning of this chapter.)

▶ Prior authorization

Prior authorization for all types of conservative care, including chiropractic, is required when billing for:

- More than 20 office visits, *or*
- Visits that occur more than 60 days after the first date you treat the worker (see [WAC 296-20-03001\(1\)](#)).

▶ Services that can be billed

Local codes **2050A**, **2051A**, and **2052A** account for both professional management (clinical complexity) and technical service (manipulation and adjustment). There are three levels of chiropractic care visits:

The primary component is clinical decision-making. If it is...	and the typical number of body regions adjusted or manipulated is...	and typical face-to-face time with patient or family is...	Then the appropriate billing code and maximum fee is...
Straightforward	Up to 2	Up to 10-15 minutes	2050A (Level 1) \$46.05
Low complexity	Up to 3 or 4	Up to 15-20 minutes	2051A (Level 2) \$59.00
Moderate complexity	Up to 5 or more	Up to 25-30 minutes	2052A (Level 3) \$71.89



Note: See more information on **Clinical decision-making complexity** in Definitions (at the beginning of this chapter) and Examples of chiropractic care levels of complexity (below).

▶ Services that aren't covered

CPT® chiropractic manipulative treatment (CMT) codes (**98940 – 98943**) aren't covered.

Instead of using CMT codes, L&I collaborated with the Washington State Chiropractic Association and the University of Washington to develop the local codes that can be billed for chiropractic care visits (see Services that can be billed, above).

Treatment of chronic migraine or chronic tension-type headache with chiropractic manipulation/manual therapy isn't a covered benefit.



Link: The coverage decision for Chronic Migraine or Chronic Tension-type Headache is available at:

<https://lni.wa.gov/patient-care/treating-patients/conditions-and-treatments/?query=Chronic+Migraine+and+Chronic+Tension-type+Headache>

▶ Requirements for billing

When billing **modifier –22** with chiropractic care visit local codes (**2050A-2052A**), submit a report detailing the nature of the unusual service or increased complexity of the service provided and the reason it was required. The report will be reviewed individually, and payment will vary based on the review findings.



Note: See Payment limits for **modifier –22**, below.

▶ Payment limits

Only one chiropractic care visit per day is payable.



Note: See the Prior authorization requirements and Payment limits under the Chiropractic evaluation and management (E/M) services section of this chapter.

Extra-spinal manipulations aren't billed separately from each other (all extremities are considered to be one body region). (See definition of **body regions** in Definitions at the beginning of this chapter.)

Modifier –22 isn't payable when used for non-covered or bundled services (for example, application of hot or cold packs).

When a patient requires re-evaluation for an existing claim:

- An **established patient** E/M code is payable, *or*
- A chiropractic care local code (**2050A**, **2051A**, or **2052A**) is payable, *and*
- **Modifier –25** doesn't apply.



Note: See definition of **established patient** in Definitions at the beginning of this chapter.

► Examples of chiropractic care levels of complexity

These examples are for illustration only and aren't clinically prescriptive:

Level 1: Straightforward clinical decision-making (billing code **2050A**)

Patient 26 year old male.

Cause of injury Lifted a box at work.

Symptoms Mild, low back pain for several days.

Treatment Manipulation or adjustment of the lumbar region, anterior thoracic mobilization, and lower cervical adjustment.

Level 2: Low complexity clinical decision-making (billing code **2051A**)

Patient 55 year old male, follow-up visit.

Cause of injury Slipped and fell on stairs while carrying heavy object at work.

Symptoms Ongoing complaints of neck and low back pain. New sensation of periodic tingling in right foot. Two days off work.

Treatment Discuss need to minimize lifting and getting assistance when carrying heavier objects. Five minutes of myofascial release prior to adjustment of the cervical, thoracic, and lumbar regions.

Level 3: Moderate complexity clinical decision-making (billing code **2052A**)

Patient 38 year old female, follow-up visit.

Cause of injury Moved heavy archive boxes at work over the course of three days.

Symptoms Headache, right anterior rib pain, low back pain with pain at the sacrococcygeal junction, pain in the sacroiliac regions, and right-sided foot drop. Obesity and borderline diabetes. Tried light-duty

work last week, but unable to sit for very long, went home. Tried prescribed stretching from last visit, but worker couldn't continue and didn't stretch because of pain.

Treatment

Review MRI report with the worker. 10 minutes of moist heat application, 10 minutes of myofascial work, and manipulation/adjustment to the cervical and atlanto-occipital, thoracic, anterior rib area, lumbar, sacroiliac, and sacrococcygeal regions.



Payment policy: Chiropractic evaluation and management (E/M) services

▶ Prior authorization

Prior authorization is required when billing for:

- More than 20 office visits, *or*
- Visits that occur more than 60 days after the first date you treat the worker (see [WAC 296-20-03001\(1\)](#)).

▶ Services that can be billed

Case management services

Codes and billing instructions for case management services telephone calls, team conferences, and secure email can be found in the Case management services section of: [Chapter 10: Evaluation and Management](#). These codes may be paid in addition to other services performed on the same day.

Chiropractic office visits

Chiropractic physicians may bill the first four levels of office visit codes for new and established patients.



Note: For complete code descriptions, definitions, and guidelines, refer to a CPT® book.



Link: Fees appear in the Professional Services Fee Schedule available at: <http://lni.wa.gov/FeeSchedules>

▶ Payment limits

A **new patient** E/M office visit code is payable only once for the initial visit. (See definitions of **new patient** and **established patient** in Definitions at the beginning of this chapter.)

An **established patient** E/M office visit code isn't payable on same day as a new patient E/M.

Modifier –22 isn't payable with E/M office visit codes for chiropractic services.

For follow-up visits, E/M office visit codes aren't payable when performed on the same day as L&I chiropractic care visit codes.

Chiropractic E/M office visits are only payable on the same date as a chiropractic care visit when all of the following are met:

- It is the first visit on a new claim, *and*
- The E/M service is a significant, separately identifiable service (it goes beyond the usual pre- and post-service work included in the chiropractic care visit), *and*
- **Modifier –25** is added to the E/M code, *and*
- The patient's record contains supporting documentation describing both the E/M and the chiropractic care services.



Note: Refer to the Chiropractic care visits section of this chapter for policies about the use of E/M office visit codes with L&I codes for chiropractic care visits.



Link: Additional E/M information is available in [Chapter 10: Evaluation and Management Services](#).



Payment policy: Chiropractic Consultations

▶ Prior authorization

While chiropractic consultations don't require prior authorization, consultations do require prior notification (by electronic communication, letter, or phone call) to the department or self-insurer per [WAC 296-23-195](#).

▶ Who must perform these services to qualify for payment

Only an L&I-approved chiropractic consultant can perform office consultation services to qualify for payment.



Link: For more information about consultations, and for a list of approved chiropractic consultants, go to: <https://www.lni.wa.gov/patient-care/treating-patients/by-specialty/chiropractic-services>

For information about becoming a chiropractic consultant visit <https://lni.wa.gov/patient-care/provider-accounts/become-a-provider/become-a-chiropractic-consultant>.

▶ Services that can be billed

Approved consultants may bill the first four levels of CPT® office consultation codes.

▶ Additional information: Chiropractic consultations

L&I periodically publishes:

- A policy on consultation referrals, *and*
- A list of approved chiropractic consultants.



Link: For more information on this topic, including current policy, a list of approved consultants, and information on how to become an approved chiropractic consultant, go to:

<https://lni.wa.gov/patient-care/provider-accounts/become-a-provider/become-a-chiropractic-consultant>



Payment policy: Chiropractic independent medical exams (IMEs) and impairment ratings

▶ Prior authorization

Prior authorization is only required when an IME is scheduled. To get prior authorization for claims that are:

- **State Fund**, use L&I's secure, online Claim & Account Center to see if an IME is scheduled. To set up an account, go to: www.Lni.wa.gov/ORLI/LoGon.
- **Self-Insured**, contact the self-insured employer (SIE) or their third party administrator (TPA). For a list of SIE/TPAs, go to: <https://lni.wa.gov/insurance/self-insurance/look-up-self-insured-employers-tpas/index>.
- **Crime victims**, call 1-800-762-3716.

▶ Who must perform these services to qualify for payment

Only an L&I-approved IME examiner can perform IMEs or impairment ratings to qualify for payment.

For an impairment rating, an attending chiropractic physician may:

- Perform the rating on their own patients if the physician is an approved IME examiner, *or*
- Refer to an approved IME examiner for a consultant impairment rating.



Link: For more information, see: [Chapter 12: Impairment Rating Services](#)

▶ Services that can be billed

Use the CPT® codes, local codes, and the payment policy for IMEs described in: [Chapter 13: Independent Medical Exams \(IME\)](#).

▶ **Additional information: Becoming an approved IME examiner**

To apply for approval, chiropractic physicians must complete:

- Two years as an approved chiropractic consultant, *and*
- Impairment rating course approved by the department.

The department approved impairment rating course and the Chiropractic Consultant Seminar are offered as part of the Chiropractic Consultation Program.



Links: For more information, see: L&I's [Become a Chiropractic Consultant](#) webpage.



Payment policy: Chiropractic radiology services (X-rays)

▶ Prior authorization

Medically necessary x-rays performed as part of the initial evaluation don't require prior authorization. All subsequent x-rays require prior authorization.

▶ Who must perform these services to qualify for payment

Chiropractic physicians in the network may bill for radiographs taken as allowed under their license. It is required that a written x-ray report of radiologic findings and impressions be included in the patient's chart.

Only chiropractic physicians on L&I's list of approved radiological consultants may bill for X-ray consultation services. A chiropractic physician must be a Diplomat of the American Chiropractic Board of Radiology and must be approved by L&I to become an approved radiological consultant.

▶ Services that can be billed

Chiropractic physicians must bill diagnostic X-ray services using CPT® radiology codes and the Requirements and Payment limits described in: [Chapter 26: Radiology Services](#).

▶ Services that aren't covered

Dynamic Spinal Visualization

Dynamic Spinal Visualization (DSV) refers to several imaging technologies for the purpose of assessing spinal motion, including videofluoroscopy, cineradiology, digital motion x-ray, vertebral motional analysis and spinal x-ray digitization.

DSV isn't a covered benefit. Procedure code **76496** shouldn't be used to bill the insurer for these services.



Link: For more information about DSV, see the [Dynamic Spinal Visualization coverage decision](#).



Payment policy: Complementary & preparatory services, and patient education or counseling

(See definition of **complementary & preparatory services** in Definitions at the beginning of this chapter.)

▶ **Payment limits**

Chiropractic physicians aren't paid separately for:

- Complementary and preparatory services, *or*
- Patient education or counseling.

▶ **Example of complementary & preparatory services**

The application of heat or cold is an example of a complementary and preparatory service.

▶ **Examples of patient education or counseling services**

Patient education or counseling includes discussing or providing written information about:

- Lifestyle, *or*
- Diet, *or*
- Self-care and activities of daily living, *or*
- Home exercises.



Payment policy: Physical medicine treatment



Note: Includes powered traction devices.

▶ Services that can be billed

Local code **1044M** for physical medicine modalities or procedures (including the use of traction devices) may only be billed by an attending provider who is not board certified/qualified in Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation (PM&R).



Link: For more information, see: [Chapter 25: Physical Medicine Services](#)

▶ Services that aren't covered

CPT® physical medicine codes (**97001 – 97799**) aren't payable to chiropractic physicians.

▶ Requirements for billing

Documentation of the visit must support billing for local code **1044M**.

▶ Payment limits

Local code **1044M** is limited to six units per claim, except when the attending provider practices in a remote location where no licensed physical therapist is available.

After six units, the patient must be referred to a licensed physical or occupational therapist, or psychiatrist for such treatment except when the attending provider practices in a remote location. (Refer to [WAC 296-21-290](#) for more information.)

Only one unit of the appropriate billing code will be paid per visit, regardless of the length of time the treatment is applied.

The insurer won't pay any additional cost when powered traction devices are used. This policy applies to all FDA-approved powered traction devices.



Note: Published literature hasn't substantially shown that powered traction devices are more effective than other forms of traction, other conservative treatments, or surgery. Powered traction devices are covered as a physical medicine modality under existing physical medicine payment policy. When powered traction is a

proper and necessary treatment, the insurer may pay for powered traction therapy administered by a qualified provider under code **1044M**.



Link: For additional information, see powered traction therapy in: [Chapter 25: Physical Medicine Services](#).



Links: Related topics

If you're looking for more information about...	Then go here:
Administrative rules for physical medicine	Washington Administrative Code (WAC) 296-21-290: http://apps.leg.wa.gov/WAC/default.aspx?cite=296-21-290
Becoming an L&I provider	L&I's website: https://lni.wa.gov/patient-care/provider-accounts/become-a-provider/become-a-chiropractic-consultant
Billing instructions and forms	Chapter 2: Information For All Providers
Chiropractic Services including Industrial Insurance Chiropractic Advisory Committee, practice, training, consultation resources	L&I's website: www.lni.wa.gov/ClaimsIns/Providers/TreatingPatients/BySpecialty/ChiroSvcs
Fee schedules for all healthcare professional services (including chiropractic)	L&I's website: http://www.lni.wa.gov/FeeSchedules/
Payment policies for case management services	Chapter 10: Evaluation and Management Services
Payment policies for diagnostic X-ray services	Chapter 26: Radiology Services
Payment policies for durable medical equipment (DME)	Chapter 9: Durable Medical Equipment
Payment policies for IMEs	Chapter 13: Independent Medical Exams (IMEs)
Payment policies for impairment ratings	Chapter 12: Impairment Rating Services
Payment policies for physical medicine treatment or powered traction therapy	Chapter 25: Physical Medicine Services
Payment policies for supplies	Chapter 28: Supplies, Materials, and Bundled Services
Dynamic Spinal Visualization coverage decision	L&I's website:

	https://lni.wa.gov/patient-care/treating-patients/conditions-and-treatments/?query=Dynamic+Spinal+Visualization
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▶ **Need more help?** Call L&I's Provider Hotline at **1-800-848-0811**