ADULT BLOOD LEAD EPIDEMIOLOGY AND SURVEILLANCE (ABLES) REPORT

Washington State, 2019-2023

SHARP Technical Report 38-16-2024

September 2024

This report describes the prevalence of adult blood-lead levels (BLLs), industries those with elevated results work, and industries where lead exposure samples were collected. An overview of the duties of health care providers, laboratories, and employers is included.

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Acknowledgements

This work was supported in part by Cooperative Agreement OH008487 from the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH). The contents are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of NIOSH and the Center for Disease Control and Prevention or the Washington State Department of Labor and Industries. Many thanks to our colleagues at the Washington State Department of Health (DOH) Disease Reporting System and the Washington State Division of Occupational Safety and Health (DOSH) who helped us obtain and understand the data.

Definitions

ABLES Adult Blood Lead Epidemiology and Surveillance

BLL blood-lead level

BLT blood-lead test

DOH Washington State Department of Health

DOSH Washington State Division of Occupational Safety and Health

L&I Washington State Department of Labor and Industries

NAICS North American Industrial Classification System

NHANES National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey

PEL permissible exposure limit

TWA time-weighted average

μg/dl micrograms (of lead) per deciliter (of blood)

μg/m³ micrograms (of lead) per cubic meter (of air)

WA Washington State

WAC Washington Administrative Code

About the ABLES Program

The Adult Blood Lead Epidemiology and Surveillance (ABLES) program within the Department of Labor & Industries (L&I) is a designated public health authority that receives all adult blood-lead level (BLL) test results from the Washington State Department of Health (DOH).

ABLES program activities:

- Identify adults (persons greater than or equal to 16 years old) with elevated blood-lead levels.
- Mail lead exposure prevention resources and conducts confidential telephone consultation with adults to prevent lead exposure and health effects.
- Consult with employers about how to prevent lead exposure and health effects among workers.

ABLES Blood-Lead Test Results

Hundreds of adults in Washington State (WA) experience elevated BLLs each year. Lead in blood can cause anemia, nervous system and kidney problems, hypertension, decreased fertility, and increased miscarriages. The U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention definition of elevated blood-lead level in an adult as being greater than or equal to 5 micrograms per deciliter ($\geq 5 \mu g/dl$) of whole blood.

The majority of all and elevated BLL reports received for adults were for males. Among elevated reports received, the average BLL for males was 12.0 µg/dl while the average BLL for females 9.2 µg/dl. Table 1 includes distributions of test results by gender, ethnicity, state of residence, and age.

Table 1. Characteristics of Patients for All and Elevated Blood-Lead Test Results

| Characteristic | % of all results | | |
|-----------------|------------------|-----|--|
| Sex | | | |
| Male | 61% | 82% | |
| Female | 37% | 14% | |
| Unreported | 2% | 4% | |
| Ethnicity | | | |
| Hispanic | 2% | 2% | |
| Non-Hispanic | 23% | 18% | |
| Unreported | 75% | 80% | |
| State Residence | | | |
| WA | 99.5% | 99% | |
| Other | 0.5% | 1% | |
| Age | | | |
| ≤24 | 11% | 10% | |
| 25 to 34 | 21% | 21% | |
| 35 to 44 | 18% | 18% | |
| 45 to 54 | 14% | 16% | |
| 55 to 64 | 16% | 16% | |
| 65 to 74 | 15% | 14% | |
| ≥75 | 5% | 5% | |
| | | | |

According to the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES), the median BLL was 0.85 μg/dl for U.S. adults age 20 years and older in 2017-2018. Table 2 includes results for all adult BLL tests (47,334) conducted in WA between 2019 and 2023. All results ≥80 µg/dl (12) were from the same patient; their source of lead exposure was not identified. Ninety-two percent of test results (43,525) were below the definition of elevated. Among the 8% of results considered elevated, nearly half (1,866, 49%) were between five and nine µg/dl. Despite the majority of results being less than elevated, health professionals agree that there is no safe level of lead in blood.

Table 2. Number of Adult Blood-Lead Test Results, WA State 2019-2023

| Blood Lead Level, μg/dl | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | Total |
|-------------------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| <5 | 2695 | 8223 | 9065 | 10879 | 12663 | 43525 |
| 5 to 9 | 164 | 393 | 427 | 404 | 478 | 1866 |
| 10 to 14 | 203 | 171 | 213 | 156 | 198 | 941 |
| 15-19 | 104 | 74 | 117 | 75 | 100 | 470 |
| 20-24 | 64 | 37 | 59 | 29 | 56 | 245 |
| 25-29 | 20 | 25 | 48 | 13 | 24 | 130 |
| 30-34 | 9 | 7 | 24 | 11 | 8 | 59 |
| 35-39 | 7 | 4 | 12 | 9 | 9 | 41 |
| 40-44 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 2 | | 13 |
| 45-49 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 9 |
| 50-54 | | | 3 | | 2 | 5 |
| 55-59 | 2 | | 1 | | 2 | 5 |
| 60-64 | 2 | | 1 | | 1 | 4 |
| 65-69 | 3 | | | | 1 | 4 |
| 70-74 | | | 1 | 1 | | 2 |
| 75-79 | 1 | | 1 | | 1 | 3 |
| 80-84 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | 3 |
| 85-89 | | | | | | 0 |
| 90-94 | | 2 | | | | 2 |
| 100-104 | | | | 1 | | 1 |
| 105-109 | | 1 | | 1 | | 2 |
| 110+ | 4 | | | | | 4 |
| Total | 3286 | 8942 | 9980 | 11582 | 13544 | 47334 |

Industries in which Workers were Exposure to Lead

The majority of adults with elevated BLLs are exposed to lead at their workplace. Workers can bring lead home and expose their families. Children exposed to lead may experience neurologic damage, including learning disabilities and short attention spans. Table 3 includes industries from which three or more elevated results were received as reported by workers on BLT forms.

Table 3. Industries with ≥3 Elevated Blood-Lead Test Results, WA State 2019-2023

| | Blood-Lead Test | |
|---|----------------------|---------------|
| Industry ¹ | Results ≥ 5µg/dl (n) | Employers (n) |
| Storage Battery Manufacturing, NAICS 335911 | 111 | 2 |
| Painting and Wall Covering Contractors, NAICS 238320 | 83 | 14 |
| Aluminum Die-Casting Foundries, NAICS 331521 | 69 | 3 |
| Ship Building and Repairing, NAICS 336611 | 43 | 3 |
| All Other Amusement and Recreation Industries (shooting ranges), NAICS 713990 | 35 | 6 |
| Prefabricated Metal Building and Component Manufacturing, NAICS 332311 | 26 | 2 |
| Iron And Steel Mills And Ferroalloy Manufacturing, NAICS 331110 | 23 | 2 |
| Finish Carpentry Contractors, NAICS 238350 | 20 | 1 |
| Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction, NAICS 237310 | 18 | 3 |
| Rail Transportation, NAICS 482100 | 10 | 1 |
| Electric Power Distribution, NAICS 221122 | 8 | 3 |
| Recyclable Material Merchant Wholesalers, NAICS 423930 | 8 | 2 |
| Police Protection, NAICS 922120 | 7 | 2 |
| Rolled Steel Shape Manufacturing, NAICS 331221 | 6 | 1 |
| Mining (except Oil and Gas), NAICS 212000 | 5 | 2 |
| Waste Management and Remediation Services, NAICS 562000 | 4 | 2 |
| Glass and Glass Product Manufacturing, NAICS 327210 | 3 | 2 |
| All Other Automotive Repair and Maintenance, NAICS 811198 | 3 | 1 |
| Total | 482 | 52 |

^{1.} Industry descriptions and codes from North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS), v.2007.

L&I's Division of Occupational Health and Safety (DOSH) inspects workplaces for hazardous conditions including airborne exposure to lead. DOSH collected a total of 88 personal exposure samples for lead between 2019 and 2023. Six samples exceeded the permissible exposure limit (PEL) of 50 μg/m3 and four samples were between the action level of 30 μg/m3 and the PEL. The total number of inspections from 2019 through 2023 with at least one worker lead exposure sample was 67. Table 4 includes industries in which DOSH collected ≥3 worker exposure samples.

Table 4. Industries with ≥3 Worker Personal Lead Exposure Samples Collected, WA State 2019-2023

| Industry ¹ | Samples (n) | Inspections (n) |
|--|-------------|-----------------|
| All Other Amusement and Recreation Industries (shooting ranges), NAICS 713990 | 8 | 2 |
| Ornamental and Architectural Metal Work Manufacturing, NAICS 332323 | 8 | 2 |
| Aluminum Die-Casting Foundries, NAICS 331521 | 8 | 2 |
| Aircraft Manufacturing, NAICS 336411 | 6 | 2 |
| Storage Battery Manufacturing, NAICS 335911 | 6 | 1 |
| All Other Miscellaneous Electrical Equipment and Component Manufacturing, NAICS 335999 | 4 | 1 |
| Nonferrous (except aluminum) die-casting foundries, NAICS 331522 | 4 | 1 |
| Secondary Smelting and Alloying of Aluminum, NAICS 331314 | 4 | 1 |
| Electronic Shopping and Mail-Order Houses, NAICS 454110 | 4 | 1 |
| Machine Shops, NAICS 332710 | 3 | 1 |
| Executive and Legislative Offices, Combined, NAICS 921140 | 3 | 1 |
| Lawn and Garden Tractor and Home Lawn and Garden Equipment Manufacturing, NAICS 333112 | 3 | 1 |
| Total | 61 | 16 |

^{1.} Industry descriptions and codes from North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS), v.2007.

Duties of Health Care Providers, Health Care Facilities, and Laboratories

All blood-lead test results are required to be reported to Washington state public health laboratories according to the notifiable conditions rule, WAC 246-101. Health care providers and health care facilities and laboratories have responsibilities to report test results and information as described in Table 5.

Table 5. Duties Health care Providers, Health Care Facilities, and Laboratory Directors

Health care providers and health care facilities shall:

Provide the laboratory with the following information for each test ordered for a notifiable condition:

- Patient's first and last name;
- Patient's physical address including zip code;
- Patient's date of birth;
- Patient's sex;
- Patient's ethnicity;
- Patient's race;
- Patient's preferred language;
- Patient's best contact telephone number;
- Requesting health care provider's name;
- Requesting health care provider's phone number;
- Address where patient received care;
- Specimen type;
- Specimen collection date;

Cooperate with public health authorities during investigation of:

- A case of a notifiable condition; and
- An outbreak or suspected outbreak.

In addition to the information above, laboratory directors shall:

Provide the following information with each specimen submitted to the Washington state public health laboratories

- Name of submitting laboratory;
- Telephone number of submitting laboratory;
- Date laboratory received specimen;
- Test method used; and
- Test result.

ABLES uses Blood-Lead Test (BLT) Forms (see Appendix A) to collect information about patients including employer name and industry and hobbies or other activities that caused their lead exposures. Historically, workers in battery and metals manufacturing, construction painting and coatings, shipbuilding and repair, and indoor shooting ranges have been exposed to lead that caused elevated BLLs. Heath care providers and health care facilities are the exclusive source of this information and are required to cooperate with ABLES during lead exposure investigations. Therefore, BLT forms should be completed for each blood-lead test patient and submitted to ABLE by:

> Fax (preferred 360-902-5672

Adult Blood Lead Epidemiology and Surveillance (ABLES) Or mail:

PO Box 44330

Olympia WA 98504-4330

Duties of Employers

Employers play a major role in preventing lead exposures and protecting workers. Approximately 80% of adults with elevated BLLs are exposed to lead at their workplace or in the course of their work. The federal and Washington State Lead Standard requires employers to conduct exposure monitoring and medical surveillance to protect workers.

See full details and requirements specific to industry sectors:

- agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting at WAC 296-307-624
- construction at WAC 296-155-176
- general industry sectors at WAC 296-62-07521

Exposure monitoring

Employers must collect full shift (for at least seven continuous hours) personal exposure samples including at least one sample for each shift for each job classification in each work area. Employee exposure is that exposure which would occur if the employee were not using a respirator. Full shift personal samples must be representative of the monitored employee's regular, daily exposure to lead. Table 6 provides an overview of current permissible exposure limit (PEL) and action level for lead.

Table 6. Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) and Action Level

| Limit/Level | Airborne concentration, μg/m³ | Time weighted average (TWA) | Employer responsibility |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Permissible exposure limit (PEL) | 50 | 8 hours | Employer must ensure that no employee is exposed to lead at concentrations greater than the PEL. |
| Action level | 30 | 8 hours | Employers must determine if any employee may be exposed to lead at or above the action level. |

Medical surveillance and removal from exposure

The only safe method to reduce workers' BLLs is to remove them from the source of exposure. Employer's obligation to offer medical surveillance is triggered by the results of the air exposure monitoring. Medical surveillance must be made available to all employees who are exposed in excess of the action level for more than thirty days a year in general industry or on any day at or above the action level in the construction industry. Initial medical surveillance consists of biological monitoring in the form of blood sampling and analysis for lead and zinc protoporphyrin levels.

Employers must provide employees up to eighteen months of medical removal protection benefits on each occasion they are removed from exposure to lead. Medical removal protection benefits means that the employer must maintain the earnings, seniority and other employment rights and benefits of an employee as though the employee had not been removed. Table 7 provides an overview of current BLLs and testing that trigger removal and return to work.

Table 7. Work Exposure Removal and Return Blood-Lead Levels

| BLL result, μg/dl | Number of tests | Action |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| ≥50, general industry | Average of the last three tests | Remove employee from |
| ≥60, general industry | A periodic and a follow-up test | work exposure |
| ≥50, construction industry | A periodic and a follow-up test | |
| <40 | Two consecutive tests | Return to work |

Appendix A. ABLES Blood-Lead Test (BLT) Forms in English and Spanish

TO BE COMPLETED BY PATIENT REPORT OF BLOOD-LEAD TEST

The Washington State Adult Blood-Lead Epidemiology and Surveillance (ABLES) program is maintained to prevent lead exposure and its health effects among adults.

* * * All information in the registry is strictly confidential * * *

<u>To the patient</u>: Please complete this form now and return it to your doctor. If you find reading or writing difficult, ask someone for help. The information that you provide us will help us to prevent lead poisoning in Washington State workplaces. We will not release this

| infor | mation to <u>anyone</u> v | vithou | ıt your perm | ission. | | | | | |
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| | Welder Painter | | Other (state | halow) | | Battery Manu | racturing s Manufacturing | | ☐ Making Fishing Weights |
|] | Glass | _ | Other (state | below) |] | Chemical Mar | | - | House Remodeling |
| | Glazier | | | | <u>-</u> | Other (state b | - | | □ Pottery □ Stained Glass |
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| | Are any children under | | | | Yes□ | No□ | American Indian, Alaskan Native Asian | | |
| 4. | Is any household memb | er preg | nant or nursing | ? | Yes□ | No□ | Asi | | |
| | | | | | | | | nite | |
| | | | | | | | | | waiian or other Pacific Islander race |
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| | k you for your assistan sure, please call our to | | | | | nents, or if you | would like mo | re info | rmation on occupational lead |
| Pleas | se fax (preferred) this | s com | pleted form to | o: 360-9 (| 02-5672 | | | | |
| Or ma | | | • | | | and Surveilla | nce (ARI ES | :1 | |
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PARA SER COMPLETADO POR EL PACIENTE INFORME DE EXAMEN DE PLOMO EN LA SANGRE

El programa de Vigilancia y Epidemiología del Plomo en la Sangre de Adultos del Estado de Washington se mantiene para prevenir la exposición al plomo y sus efectos sobre la salud entre los adultos.

* * * Toda la información en el registro es estrictamente confidencial * * *

Al paciente: Por favor complete este formulario y devuélvalo a su doctor. Si usted tiene dificultad para leer o escribir, pídale ayuda a alguien. La información que usted proporcione nos ayudará a prevenir el envenenamiento por plomo en lugares de trabajo del estado de Washington No entregaremos esta información a nadie sin su permiso

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| Gracias por su ayuda. Si tiene preguntas o comentarios o si desea recibir más información sobre la exposición ocupacional al plomo, por favor llame a nuestro número de teléfono gratuito al (888) 667-4277 . | | | | | | | | |
| Envíe este formulario nor fa | | · · · / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | |

o enviar por correo a: Adult Blood Lead Epidemiology and Surveillance (ABLES)

P O Box 44330

Olympia WA 98504-4330

PARA SER COMPLETADO POR EL PROVEEDOR DE CUIDADO DE LA SALUD

* * * Toda la información en el registro es estrictamente confidencial * * *

Al proveedor de la salud: Por favor complete la parte siguiente y pídale a su paciente que complete la parte de arriba. Enviar este formulario prontamente contribuirá con nuestros esfuerzos para prevenir la sobreexposición ocupacional. También evitará llamadas telefónicas de seguimiento en un futuro, evitando interrupciones para usted y su personal

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